

GEOTECHNICAL REPORT

PROPOSED 66 KV GRID SUBSTATION **PROJECT AT BAKKARWALA,** **NEW DELHI**

SUBMITTED TO:

M/S. BSES RAJDHANI POWER LIMITED

1st Floor, C-Block, BSES Bhawan, Nehru Place, Delhi – 110 019

Project No. 22115

Dated. October, 2022

Revision-0

RAO GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTANTS LLP

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October 13th, 2022

Project No. 22115

M/s. BSES Rajdhani Power Limited

1st Floor, C-Block, BSES Bhawan,
Nehru Place, Delhi – 110 019

Sub: Final Report on Soil Investigation work for Proposed 66 KV Grid Substation Project at Bakkarwala, New Delhi

We have carried out the soil investigation work accordance with your Work Order No. SER/DSC/23567661 dated September 1st, 2022. We thank you for your business and hope that you are satisfied with our services rendered.

This Final Report presents our findings based on the soil investigation conducted by us at the project site. This report presents the field and laboratory test data along with our engineering recommendations, which shall help you in deciding the optimum foundation arrangement for use on site.

We have prepared this report based on our findings on site as well as our experience gained in our previous projects completed over the past 15 years. We appreciate the opportunity to perform this investigation for you and have pleasure in submitting this report. Please contact us when we can be of further service to you.

Yours faithfully,
RAO GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTANTS LLP

(G.R.RAO)





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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Description

This soil investigation work, whose results are being presented herewith, has been carried out for Proposed 66 KV Grid Substation Project at Bakkarwala, New Delhi.

M/s. Rao Geotechnical Consultants LLP has been retained by M/s. BSES Rajdhani Power Limited for carrying out the Geotechnical Investigation at the project site.

1.2 Aim of Soil Investigation

Soil investigation has been conducted at the site in order to evaluate the parameters required for design of foundations. These parameters are:

- a) Type of foundation on which the proposed super structure will be supported.
- b) Depth of foundation, and
- c) Allowable bearing pressure at the founding level.

To evaluate these parameters, following engineering properties of the Sub-Soil have been studied:

Sub-soil penetration resistance characteristics which have been determined insitu. Properties like particle size distribution, atterberg's limits, bulk density, moisture content, and shear strength parameters; which have been determined in the laboratory by conducting testing of both disturbed as well as undisturbed samples.

1.3 Scope of Work

The stipulated scope of work comprised of the following:

1. Mobilization of equipment and personnel to the site and back.
2. Sinking six (6) boreholes to specified depth or refusal ($N > 100$) whichever encountered earlier), observing ground water table levels, conducting required field and laboratory tests and their analysis.
3. Conducting six (6) electrical resistivity test (ERT's) to provide data for the grounding systems;
4. Preparation and submission of technical report in triplicate.

2.0 FIELD INVESTIGATIONS

2.1 Soil Borings

The boreholes were progressed using mechanized shell and auger drilling rig to the specified depth. The diameter of the borehole was 150 mm. Where caving of the borehole occurred, casing was used to keep the borehole stable. The work was in general accordance with IS: 1892-1979.



Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) were conducted in the boreholes at 1.5 m depth interval up to 15 m depth. The tests were conducted by connecting a split spoon sampler to 'A' rods and driving it by 45 cm using a 63.5 kg hammer falling freely from a height of 75 cm. The tests were conducted in accordance with IS: 2131-1981.

The number of blows for each 15 cm of penetration of the split spoon sampler was recorded. The blows required to penetrate the initial 15 cm of the split spoon for seating the sampler is ignored due to the possible presence of loose materials or cuttings from the drilling operation. The cumulative number of blows required to penetrate the balance 30 cm of the 45 cm sampling interval is termed the SPT value or the 'N' value.

Where the split spoon sampler did not penetrate the initial 15 cm seating in a total of 100 blows, it is indicated "Ref" for an indicated amount of penetration. The 'N' values are presented on the soil profile for each borehole.

Disturbed samples were collected from the split spoon after conducting SPT. The samples were preserved in transparent polythene bags. Undisturbed soil samples were collected by attaching 75 mm diameter thin walled 'Shelby' tubes and driving the sampler by light-hammering using a 63.5 kg hammer in accordance with IS: 2132-1986. The tubes were sealed with wax at both ends. All samples were transported to our laboratory for further examination and testing.

2.2 Groundwater

Groundwater level was measured in the boreholes after drilling and sampling was completed. The measured water levels are recorded on the individual soil profiles.

2.3 Electrical Resistivity Tests

Electrical resistivity of the substratum at the site was determined at specified locations. The electrical resistivity test is used for shallow subsurface exploration by means of electrical measures made at the ground surface. Resistivity measurements are made by driving four electrodes about 10 to 15 cm in to the ground at pre-selected electrode spacing. We used the Wenner electrode configuration for this study.

The four electrodes were spaced at equal distance along a line. The test procedure is in accordance with IS: 3043:1987 RA 2006. Measurements are made by causing a current, 'I', to pass through the earth and distribute within a relatively large hemispherical earth mass. The portion of the current that flows along the surface produces a voltage drop, 'V'. The resistance 'R', ratio of voltage drop 'V' to current 'I' is directly measured by Digital Earth Resistance Tester. The resistivity is determined from the following equation:

$$\rho = 2 \pi a R$$

where:

ρ = apparent resistivity, ohm-m

a = spacing between the electrodes, meter

R = resistance, ohms

Results are presented as semi-logarithmic plot of apparent resistivity versus electrode spacing, as well as in the form of polar curves, as specified by IS: 3043:1987 RA 2006.



3.0 **LABORATORY TESTS**

Laboratory tests have been conducted on various selected soil & groundwater samples in the laboratory:

Laboratory Test		IS Code Referred
Bulk Density		By calculations
Natural Moisture Content		IS : 2720 (Part-2)-1973, RA-2010
Specific Gravity		IS : 2720 (Part-3)-1980, RA-2007
Grain Size Analysis		IS : 2720 (Part-4)-1985, RA-2010
Liquid Limit and Plastic Limit		IS : 2720 (Part-5)-1985, RA-2010
Consolidated Drained Direct Shear Test		IS : 2720 (Part-13)-1986, RA-2010
Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Shear Test		IS : 2720 (Part-11)-1993, RA-2007
Chemical Analysis of soil	pH value	IS : 2720 (Part 26)-1987, RA-2007
	sulphates	IS : 2720 (Part-27)-1977, RA-2010
	chlorides	IS : 3025 (Part-32)-1988, RA-2009
Chemical Analysis of water	pH value	IS : 3025 (Part-11)-1983, RA-2006
	sulphates	IS : 3025 (Part-24)-1986, RA-2009
	chlorides	IS : 3025 (Part-32)-1988, RA-2009

4.0 **GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS**

4.1 **Site Stratigraphy**

The surficial soils at the site consist of sandy silt / clayey silt to about 6.0-10.5 m depth below EGL. However at BH-2, 4 & 6 locations, a heterogenous fill of organic materials with sand & brick bats was met at the site to about 3.0 m depth below EGL. Below fill, silty sand / fine sand was to about 9-13.5 m depth and underlain by sandy silt to the final explored depth of 15.45 m below EGL.

The field SPT N-values range from 2 to 9 to about 6 m depth, indicating very loose to loose strata and range from 10 to 27 to about 12 m depth below EGL, indicating medium dense strata. Further, SPT N-values range from 15 to 35 to the final explored depth of 15.45 m depth below EGL.

All test results are presented on the individual soil profiles on Sheet No. 2 to 13. A summary of the borehole profiles is illustrated on Sheet No. 14 & 15. Plots of field and corrected SPT values versus depth are presented on Sheet No. 16 to 19.

4.2 **Groundwater**

Based on our measurements in the completed boreholes, groundwater was met at 0.5~1.0 m depth below EGL during the period of our field investigations (September-October, 2022).

Fluctuations may occur in the measured ground levels due to seasonal variations in rainfall, surface evaporation rates.



5.0 **FIELD TEST RESULTS**

5.1 **Electrical Resistivity Test Result**

Six (6) electrical resistivity tests were conducted at the project site as per IS: 3043-1987. The tests were conducted using the Wenner configuration. The apparent resistivity values obtained have been analyzed to generate the polar curve. The polar curve is used to compute the mean resistivity.

Mean resistivity values at the electrical resistivity tests (ERT) location are summarized in the table below:

Test Designation	Mean Resistivity, ohm-m	Corrosion potential*	Presentation of Results
ERT-1	8.3	Severely Corrosive	Sheet No. 20
ERT-2	14.9		Sheet No. 21
ERT-3	11.9		Sheet No. 22
ERT-4	11.2		Sheet No. 23
ERT-5	10.1		Sheet No. 24
ERT-6	9.1		Sheet No. 25

* As per Clause 8.6.1 of Amendment No. 2 to IS: 3043-1987, dated January 2010.

The above values may be used for design of the electrical grounding system. The data may also be used to assess the corrosion potential for buried utility lines as per the guideline given in IS 3043-1987.

6.0 **FOUNDATION ANALYSIS**

6.1 **General**

For designing the foundation system, the following parameters are required:

- Suitable type of foundation on which the proposed super-structure can be supported.
- Depth of these foundations, and
- Allowable bearing pressure at the founding level corresponding to various footing sizes.

A suitable foundation for any structure should have an adequate factor of safety against exceeding the bearing capacity of the supporting soils. Also the vertical movements due to compression of the soils should be within tolerable limits for the structure. We consider that foundation designed in accordance with the recommendations given herein will satisfy these criteria.

6.2 **Foundation Type and Depth**

Type of foundation to be adopted for a particular structure depends upon the loading intensity at the foundation level and the configuration of loading points.



As discussed in Section 4.1, very loose to loose stratum was encountered at the site to about 6.0 m depth below EGL. **Open / raft foundations bearing on the very loose to loose strata is not recommended.**

In view of the above, care must be taken during foundation planning and construction to ensure that the foundation performance on site is as per design. We suggest the RCC bored cast-in-situ piles may be used to support the structural loads.

This may help to transfer the superstructure loads to deeper and more competent strata. Recommendations are given herein for 300 mm, 400 mm & 500 mm diameter piles. (Refer to Section 7.0 for the suggested safe pile capacities)

6.3 Method of Analysis (Bored Cast-in-situ Pile Foundations)

Bored cast-in-situ RCC piles are a suitable foundation system to support the structural loads. The ultimate pile compressive capacity has been computed using the following equation as given in IS 2911: Part-1, Section 2 (2010).

$$Q_{ult} = \left[\sum_{i=1}^n f_s A_{sL_i} \right] + q_u A_p$$

$$= \left[\sum_{i=1}^n (\alpha c_i + p_i k \tan \delta_i) A_{sL_i} \right] + \left[c_p N_c + q_p N_q + \frac{1}{2} \gamma D N_\gamma \right] A_p$$

where:

Q_{ult}	=	ultimate pile capacity
f_s	=	unit skin friction
α	=	adhesion factor
c_i	=	cohesion intercept in i th layer
p_i	=	overburden pressure at centre of i th layer
k	=	coefficient of lateral earth pressure
δ_i	=	angle of friction between soil and pile (taken as equal to ϕ_i) for the i th layer
A_s	=	surface area of pile per m length
L_i	=	length of pile section in i th layer
c_p	=	cohesion intercept in bearing strata
q_u	=	unit end bearing
q_p	=	effective overburden pressure at pile toe
N_c, N_q, N_γ	=	bearing capacity factors, which are a function of ϕ in the bearing strata
A_p	=	pile cross sectional area

The overburden pressure is considered to become constant below a depth of 15 pile diameters.

The lateral load carrying capacity of bored piles has been computed based on IS: 2911 (Part-I / Sec-2), 2010. The pile head is assumed to be fixed. The lateral load carrying capacity of pile has been computed for a permissible horizontal deflection of 5 mm using the following equation for fixed head pile:



$$Q = \frac{12 y E I}{(L_1 + L_f)^3}$$

where:

- Q = lateral load
 E = the Young's modulus of pile material
 I = moment of inertia of pile cross section.
 L_f = depth of fixity
 L_1 = length of pile section below cut-off-level that may not contribute significantly to lateral resistance (in loose/weak soils)
 y = horizontal deflection

7.0 **RECOMMENDATIONS**

Pile capacity analysis for RCC bored cast-in-situ piles for the proposed structure has been done considering the following boundary conditions:

- Pile cut-off-level : 1.0 m below EGL
- Groundwater Level : 0.0 m or ground level for worst condition
- Overburden Pressure : Assumed to become constant below 15 times pile diameters
- Pile Head : Fixed Head Condition (for lateral capacity analysis)

The following table presents our recommended safe pile capacities for 300 mm, 400 mm & 500 mm diameter bored piles at the sites of the proposed structure:

Pile Diameter, mm	Pile Length below COL, m	Recommended Pile Capacities, MT		
		Compression	Pullout	Lateral*
300	9.0	8	5	0.6
	11.0	9	6	
	13.0	10	7	
400	11.0	15	10	0.9
	13.0	17	11	
	15.0	19	13	
500	13.0	27	16	1.3
	15.0	30	19	
	17.0	33	22	

* Grade of concrete M=30.

The following points are highlighted with reference to the above-recommended capacities:

1. The above values are based on IS: 2911(Part-1 Section 2) -2010 and include safety factor of 2.5 for compressive loads, and a safety factor of 3.0 for uplift loads.



2. Safe pile capacities for piles of intermediate lengths may be interpolated linearly between the values given above.
3. It should be ensured that the bottom of the pile bore is cleaned properly before casting the pile. This is important because the soil particles tend to settle down at the bottom of the pile bore, which may cause reduction in pile capacities.
4. The capacities given above may be taken as a guideline for initial design. Final pile capacities should be confirmed by conducting initial pile load tests as per IS: 2911-Part-IV. Also, routine load tests should be conducted on sufficient working piles to ensure that the piles are safe for the design loads.
5. Low strain pile integrity tests (PIT) should be done on all working piles as a quality check.
6. Since borehole depths were insufficient, the soil characteristics below the maximum explored depth have been assumed. The recommended pile capacities may therefore be considered as preliminary, to be used only for the purpose of initial planning only. The actual capacities may change depending upon the strata encountered.
7. A detailed geotechnical investigation should be carried out with sufficient boreholes to at least 25 m depth at each structure location to assess the final pile capacities for design.

8.0 **CHEMICAL ATTACK**

Results of chemical test on selected soil samples are presented on Sheet No. 47. The results indicate that the soils contain 0.09-0.13 percent sulphates and 0.01-0.05 percent chlorides. The pH value of soil is 7.1-7.6. The groundwater contains 308-392 mg/litre of sulphate and 78-210 mg/litre of chloride content. The pH value of groundwater is to about 6.9-7.7.

IS: 456-2000 recommends that precautions should be taken against chemical degradation of concrete if

- sulphates content of the soils exceeds 0.2 percent, or
- groundwater contains more than 300 mg /litre of sulphates (SO₃).

Comparing the test results with these specified limits, the sulphate content of the soil is less than the specified limit. Groundwater was met at 0.5~1.0 m at the site during our field investigation and is likely to influence foundation concrete. Therefore, strata at the site may be treated in **Class-2** category as described on IS: 456-2000.

In our opinion, the soils at site are not aggressive to foundation concrete. We recommend the following as a good practice to limit the potential for chemical attack:

- (1) Concrete for pile caps should contain minimum cement content of 330 kg/m³ of cement. Piles should contain at least 400 kg/m³ of cement.
- (2) Water cement ratio in foundation concrete should generally not exceed 0.50.



- (3) A clear concrete cover over the reinforcement steel of at least 50 mm should be provided for all foundations.
- (4) Foundation concrete should be densified adequately using a vibrator so as to form a dense impervious mass.

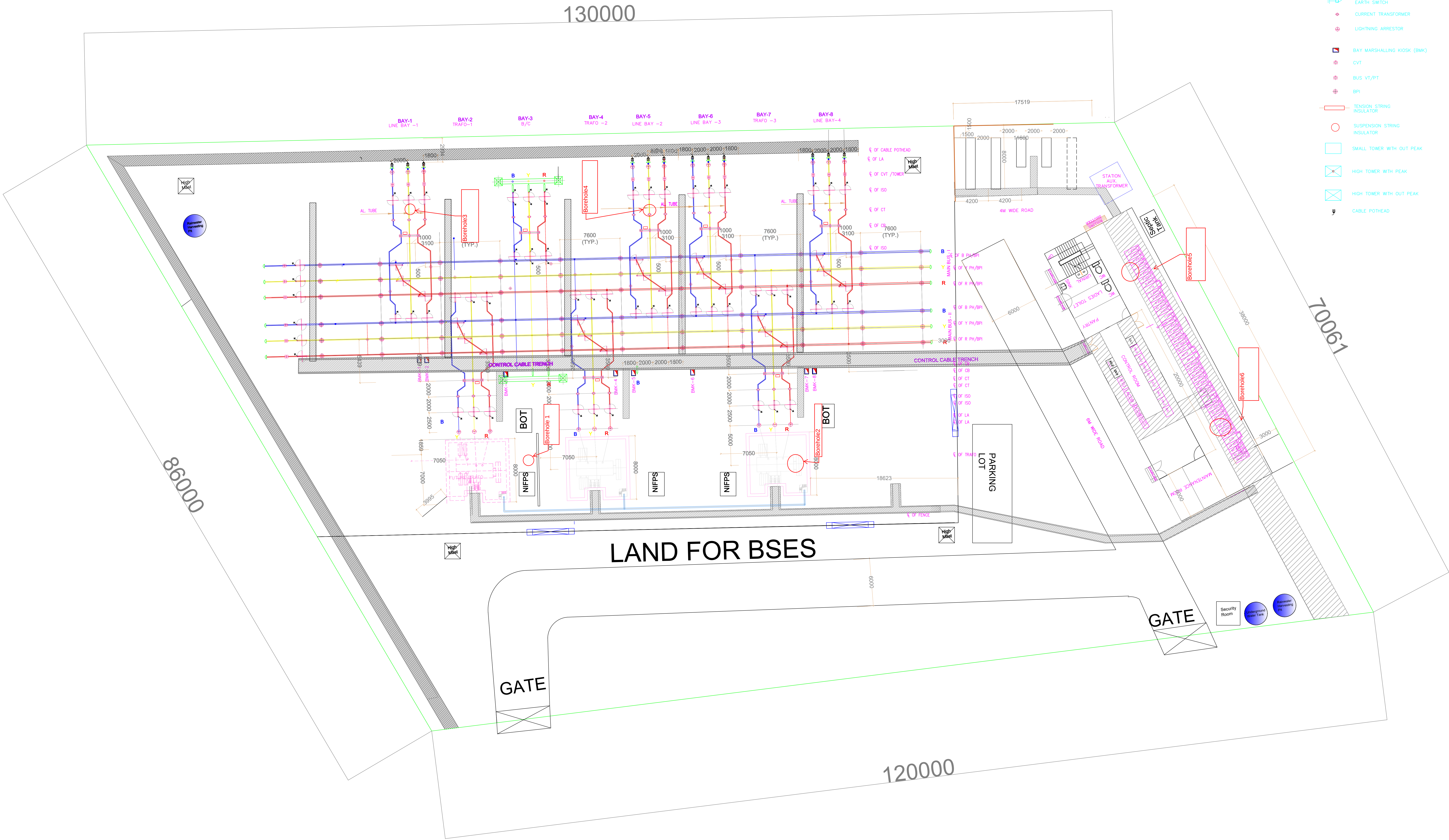
9.0 VARIABILITY IN SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

Subsurface conditions encountered during construction may vary somewhat from the conditions encountered during the site investigation. In case significant variations are encountered during construction, we request to be notified so that our engineers may review the recommendations in this report in light of these variations.

LEGEND:-

- R-PH AL PIPE BUSBAR
- Y-PH AL PIPE BUSBAR
- B-PH AL PIPE BUSBAR
- END CAP PIPE BUSBAR
- 66KV CIRCUIT BREAKER
- 66KV ISOLATOR WITHOUT EARTH SWITCH
- 66KV ISOLATOR WITH ONE EARTH SWITCH
- 66KV ISOLATOR WITH TWO EARTH SWITCH
- CURRENT TRANSFORMER
- LIGHTNING ARRESTOR
- BAY MARSHALLING KIOSK (BMK)
- CVT
- BUS VT/PT
- BPI
- TENSION STRING INSULATOR
- SUSPENSION STRING INSULATOR
- SMALL TOWER WITH OUT PEAK
- HIGH TOWER WITH PEAK
- HIGH TOWER WITH OUT PEAK
- CABLE POthead

THE LAYOUT IS TENTATIVE AND FOR TENDER PURPOSE ONLY



**Borehole Log (BH-1)**

Location : Bakkarwala, New Delhi

Ground Water Level : 1 m

Drilling : Shell & Auger

Termination Depth : 15.45 m

Start Date : 05-Oct-22

Finish Date : 05-Oct-22

Scale	Depth, m	Sample Designation	Groundwater depth, m	SPT		Symbol	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Depth of Strata, (m)	Standard Penetration Test Results		Grain Size Analysis				Atterberg Limits			Specific Gravity	Density		Moisture Content (%)	Shear Tests	
				Field Value, N	Corrected Value, N"						Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)	Liquid (%)	Plastic (%)	Plasticity Index (%)		Bulk Density (gm/cm ³)	Dry Density (gm/cm ³)		Cohesion Intercept, 'c' (kg/cm ²)	Angle of Internal Friction, 'φ' (degrees)
	0.5	DS1	1.0																				
	1.5	SPT1		2	3																		
	2.0	DS2																					
	3.0	SPT2		7	10		Sandy silt, non- plasticity (ML)																
	4.5	SPT3		11	14										21.6	N.P.							
	5.3	UDS1						6.0										2.62	1.68	1.52	10.4	0.0	27.0
	6.0	SPT4		13	15																		
	7.5	SPT5		18	18																		
	8.3	UDS2					Light brown sandy silt with low plasticity (ML-CL)												1.73	1.55	11.8		
	9.0	SPT6		47	34			10.5							23.4	18.6	4.8						

**Borehole Log (BH-1)**

Location : Bakkarwala, New Delhi

Ground Water Level : 1 m

Drilling : Shell & Auger

Termination Depth : 15.45 m

Start Date : 05-Oct-22

Finish Date : 05-Oct-22

Scale

Depth, m	Sample Designation	Groundwater depth, m	SPT		Symbol	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Depth of Strata, (m)	Standard Penetration Test Results	Grain Size Analysis				Atterberg Limits			Specific Gravity	Density		Moisture Content (%)	Shear Tests	
			Field Value, N	Corrected Value, N"				Field Value, N Corrected Value, N"	Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)	Liquid (%)	Plastic (%)	Plasticity Index (%)		Bulk Density (gm/cm ³)	Dry Density (gm/cm ³)		Cohesion Intercept, 'c' (kg/cm ²)	Angle of Internal Friction, 'φ' (degrees)
10.5	SPT7		45	32		Light brown silty sand (SM)			4	57	37	2				2.70	1.88	1.63	15.6	0.0	30.0
11.3	UDS3																				
12.0	SPT8		20	18																	
							13.5														
13.5	SPT9		25	20		Light brown sandy silt with low plasticity (ML-CL)							22.6	18.1	4.5	2.67	1.92	1.65	16.2		
14.3	UDS4																				
15.0	SPT10		41	27					4	34	51	11									
							15.5														

**Borehole Log (BH-2)**

Location : Bakkarwala, New Delhi

Ground Water Level : 1 m

Drilling : Shell & Auger

Termination Depth : 15.45 m

Start Date : 04-Oct-22

Finish Date : 04-Oct-22

Scale	Depth, m	Sample Designation	Groundwater depth, m	SPT		Symbol	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Depth of Strata, (m)	Standard Penetration Test Results		Grain Size Analysis				Atterberg Limits			Specific Gravity	Density			Shear Tests	
				Field Value, N	Corrected Value, N"				Field Value, N Corrected Value, N"		Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)	Liquid (%)	Plastic (%)	Plasticity Index (%)		Bulk Density (gm/cm³)	Dry Density (gm/cm³)	Moisture Content (%)	Cohesion Intercept, 'c' (kg/cm²)	Angle of Internal Friction, 'φ' (degrees)
	0.5	DS1	1.0				Fill - soil with organic material & brick bats																
	1.5	SPT1		5	8																		
	2.0	DS2																					
	3.0	SPT2		12	16		Light brown sandy silt with low plasticity (ML-CL)			2	39	54	5										
	4.5	SPT3	16	18																			
	5.3	UDS1																					
	6.0	SPT4		12	14		Fine sand (SP-SM)			0	89	8	3										
	7.5	SPT5	22	20																			
	8.3	UDS2																					
	9.0	SPT6		37	29		Clayey silt with medium plasticity (CL)																

Ground Water Level : 1 m
Termination Depth : 15.45 m

Drilling : Shell & Auger
Start Date : 04-Oct-22
Finish Date : 04-Oct-22

Location :

Scale

Ground Water Level : 1 m
Termination Depth : 15.45 m

Drilling : Shell & Auger
Start Date : 29-Sep-22
Finish Date : 29-Sep-22

Location :

**Borehole Log (BH-3)**

Location : Bakkarwala, New Delhi

Ground Water Level : 1 m

Drilling : Shell & Auger

Termination Depth : 15.45 m

Start Date : 29-Sep-22

Finish Date : 29-Sep-22

Scale

Depth, m	Sample Designation	Groundwater depth, m	SPT		Symbol	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Depth of Strata, (m)	Standard Penetration Test Results	Grain Size Analysis				Atterberg Limits			Specific Gravity	Density		Moisture Content (%)	Shear Tests	
			Field Value, N	Corrected Value, N"				Field Value, N Corrected Value, N"	Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)	Liquid (%)	Plastic (%)	Plasticity Index (%)		Bulk Density (gm/cm ³)	Dry Density (gm/cm ³)		Cohesion Intercept, 'c' (kg/cm ²)	Angle of Internal Friction, 'φ' (degrees)
10.5	SPT7		47	33		Fine sand (SP-SM)	12.0		4	91	4	1									
11.0	DS3																				
12.0	SPT8		15	15		Clayey silt with medium plasticity (CL)	15.5		3	35	50	12									
13.5	SPT9		18	16																	
14.3	UDS3																				
15.0	SPT10		35	24									32.6	21.0	11.6	2.66	1.84	1.61	14.2	0.9	7.4

**Borehole Log (BH-4)**

Location : Bakkarwala, New Delhi

Ground Water Level : 1 m

Drilling : Shell & Auger

Termination Depth : 15.45 m

Start Date : 30-Sep-22

Finish Date : 30-Sep-22

Scale	Depth, m	Sample Designation	Groundwater depth, m	SPT		Symbol	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Depth of Strata, (m)	Standard Penetration Test Results		Grain Size Analysis				Atterberg Limits			Specific Gravity	Density		Moisture Content (%)	Shear Tests	
				Field Value, N	Corrected Value, N"						Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)	Liquid (%)	Plastic (%)	Plasticity Index (%)		Bulk Density (gm/cm ³)	Dry Density (gm/cm ³)		Cohesion Intercept, 'c' (kg/cm ²)	Angle of Internal Friction, 'φ' (degrees)
	0.5	DS1	1.0				Fill - soil with organic material & brick bats																
	1.5	SPT1		2	3																		
	2.0	DS2						3.0															
	3.0	SPT2		5	7		Clayey silt with medium plasticity (CL)				2	37	51	10									
	4.5	SPT3		7	9										31.7	22.1	9.6	2.64					
	5.0	DS3																					
	6.0	SPT4		17	18																		
	7.5	SPT5		18	18																		
	8.3	UDS1																					
	9.0	SPT6		19	18			10.5							32.1	23.0	9.1	2.65	1.80	1.58	14.2	0.7	6.1

**Borehole Log (BH-4)**

Location : Bakkarwala, New Delhi

Ground Water Level : 1 m

Drilling : Shell & Auger

Termination Depth : 15.45 m

Start Date : 30-Sep-22

Finish Date : 30-Sep-22

Scale

Depth, m	Sample Designation	Groundwater depth, m	SPT		Symbol	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Depth of Strata, (m)	Standard Penetration Test Results	Grain Size Analysis				Atterberg Limits			Specific Gravity	Density		Moisture Content (%)	Shear Tests	
			Field Value, N	Corrected Value, N"				Field Value, N Corrected Value, N"	Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)	Liquid (%)	Plastic (%)	Plasticity Index (%)		Bulk Density (gm/cm ³)	Dry Density (gm/cm ³)		Cohesion Intercept, 'c' (kg/cm ²)	Angle of Internal Friction, 'φ' (degrees)
10.5	SPT7		37	27		Fine sand (SP-SM)			3	90	5	2									
11.0	DS4																				
12.0	SPT8		16	16			13.5														
13.5	SPT9		19	17		Sandy silt, non- plasticity (ML)							21.1	N.P.		2.66	1.84	1.59	15.7	0.0	30.0
14.3	UDS2						15.0														
15.0	SPT10		33	23		Clayey silt with medium plasticity (CL)	15.5		3	34	51	12									

**Borehole Log (BH-5)**

Location : Bakkarwala, New Delhi

Ground Water Level : 0.5 m

Drilling : Shell & Auger

Termination Depth : 15.45 m

Start Date : 01-Oct-22

Finish Date : 01-Oct-22

Scale

Depth, m	Sample Designation	Groundwater depth, m	SPT		Symbol	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Depth of Strata, (m)	Standard Penetration Test Results	Grain Size Analysis				Atterberg Limits			Specific Gravity	Density		Moisture Content (%)	Shear Tests	
			Field Value, N	Corrected Value, N"				Field Value, N Corrected Value, N"	Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)	Liquid (%)	Plastic (%)	Plasticity Index (%)		Bulk Density (gm/cm ³)	Dry Density (gm/cm ³)		Cohesion Intercept, 'c' (kg/cm ²)	Angle of Internal Friction, 'φ' (degrees)
0.5	DS1	0.5																			
1.5	SPT1		4	6		Sandy silt, non- plasticity (ML)	3.0						20.9	N.P.							
2.0	DS2																				
3.0	SPT2		9	12		Clayey silt with medium plasticity (CL)			1	33	54	12									
4.5	SPT3		12	15									31.7	22.3	9.4	2.64	1.72	1.53	12.1	0.6	7.2
5.3	UDS1						6.0														
6.0	SPT4		20	19		Fine sand (SP-SM)	7.5		2	92	4	2									
7.5	SPT5		19	18					2	52	44	2				2.67	1.81	1.58	14.6	0.0	29.0
8.3	UDS2																				
9.0	SPT6		18	18		Light brown silty sand (SM)	10.5														

Ground Water Level : 0.5 m
Termination Depth : 15.45 m

Location : Bakkarwala, New Delhi

A vertical color calibration bar. The top half features a grayscale ramp with 11 steps, ranging from black to white. The bottom half features a color scale with 11 steps, ranging from black to white, with intermediate colors including yellow, cyan, magenta, and red. The word "Scale" is printed vertically to the right of the bar.

**Borehole Log (BH-6)**

Location : Bakkarwala, New Delhi

Ground Water Level : 1 m

Drilling : Shell & Auger

Termination Depth : 15.45 m

Start Date : 03-Oct-22

Finish Date : 03-Oct-22

Scale	Depth, m	Sample Designation	Groundwater depth, m	SPT		Symbol	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Depth of Strata, (m)	Standard Penetration Test Results					Grain Size Analysis				Atterberg Limits			Specific Gravity	Density		Moisture Content (%)	Shear Tests	
				Field Value, N	Corrected Value, N"				Field Value, N Corrected Value, N"					Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)	Liquid (%)	Plastic (%)	Plasticity Index (%)		Bulk Density (gm/cm ³)	Dry Density (gm/cm ³)		Cohesion Intercept, 'c' (kg/cm ²)	Angle of Internal Friction, 'φ' (degrees)
	0.5	DS1	1.0				Fill - soil with organic material & brick bats																			
	1.5	SPT1		2	3			3.0																		
	2.0	DS2																								
	3.0	SPT2		6	8		Clayey silt with medium plasticity (CL)	4.5						0	34	54	12									
	4.5	SPT3		8	10		Light brown sandy silt with low plasticity (ML-CL)	6.0										22.2	17.9	4.3	2.64	1.75	1.55	12.7		
	5.3	UDS1																								
	6.0	SPT4		10	12		Light brown silty sand (SM)							0	57	41	2									
	7.5	SPT5		22	20																					
	8.3	UDS2						9.0													2.67	1.80	1.58	14.2	0.0	29.0
	9.0	SPT6		22	20		Clayey silt with medium plasticity (CL)							2	36	52	10									

**Borehole Log (BH-6)**

Location : Bakkarwala, New Delhi

Ground Water Level : 1 m

Drilling : Shell & Auger

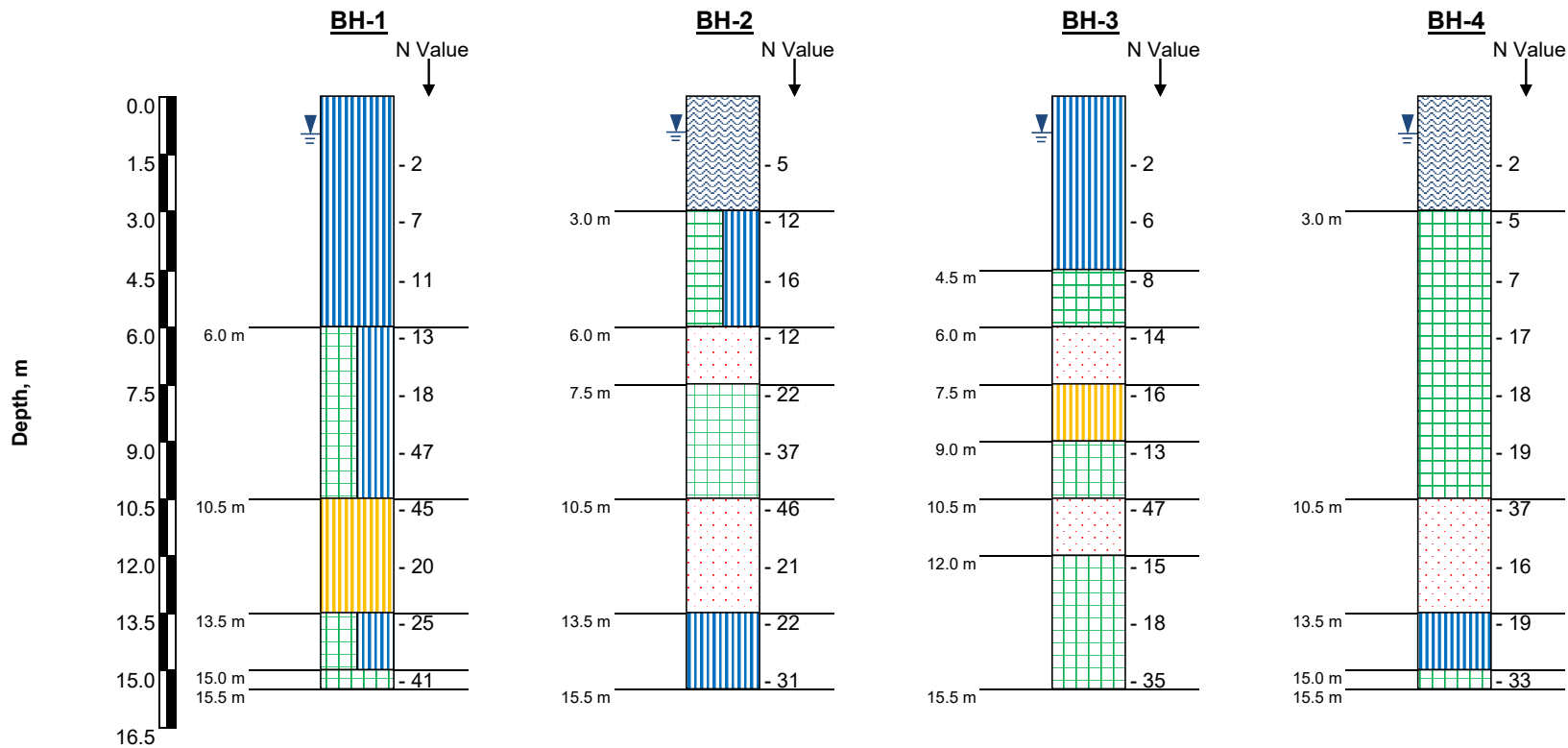
Termination Depth : 15.45 m

Start Date : 03-Oct-22

Finish Date : 03-Oct-22

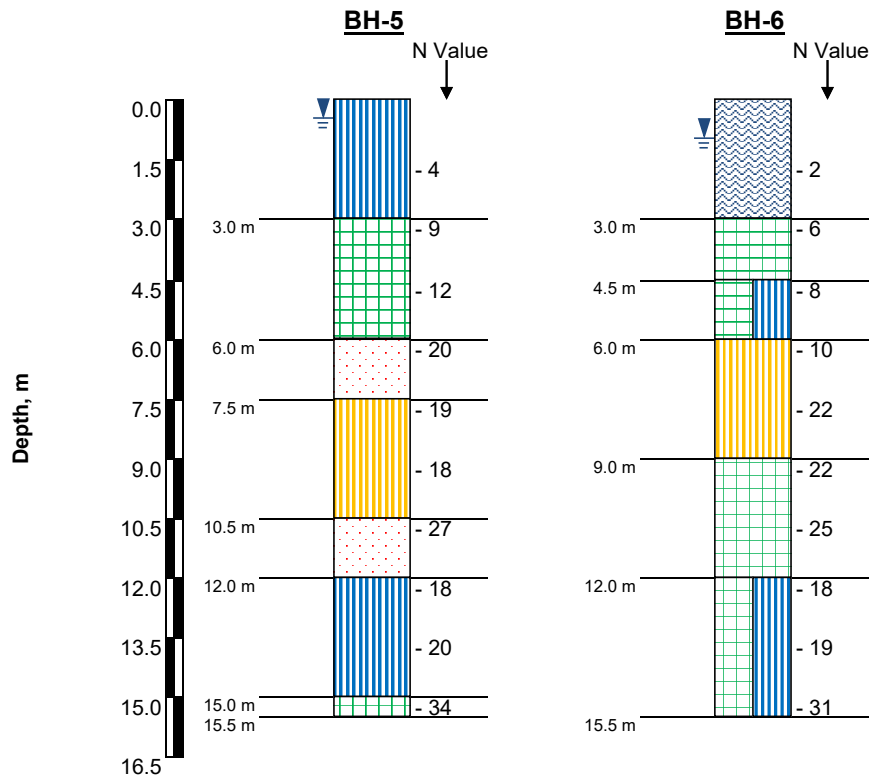
Scale

Depth, m	Sample Designation	Groundwater depth, m	SPT		Symbol	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Depth of Strata, (m)	Standard Penetration Test Results	Grain Size Analysis				Atterberg Limits			Specific Gravity	Density		Moisture Content (%)	Shear Tests	
			Field Value, N	Corrected Value, N"				Field Value, N Corrected Value, N"	Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)	Liquid (%)	Plastic (%)	Plasticity Index (%)		Bulk Density (gm/cm ³)	Dry Density (gm/cm ³)		Cohesion Intercept, 'c' (kg/cm ²)	Angle of Internal Friction, 'φ' (degrees)
10.5	SPT7		25	21		Clayey silt with medium plasticity (CL)							32.2	22.9	9.3		1.83	1.59	14.8	0.7	-
11.3	UDS3						12.0														
12.0	SPT8		18	17		Light brown sandy silt with low plasticity (ML-CL)			1	44	48	7									
13.5	SPT9		19	17																	
14.3	UDS4																				
15.0	SPT10		31	21			15.5						22.8	18.0	4.8						



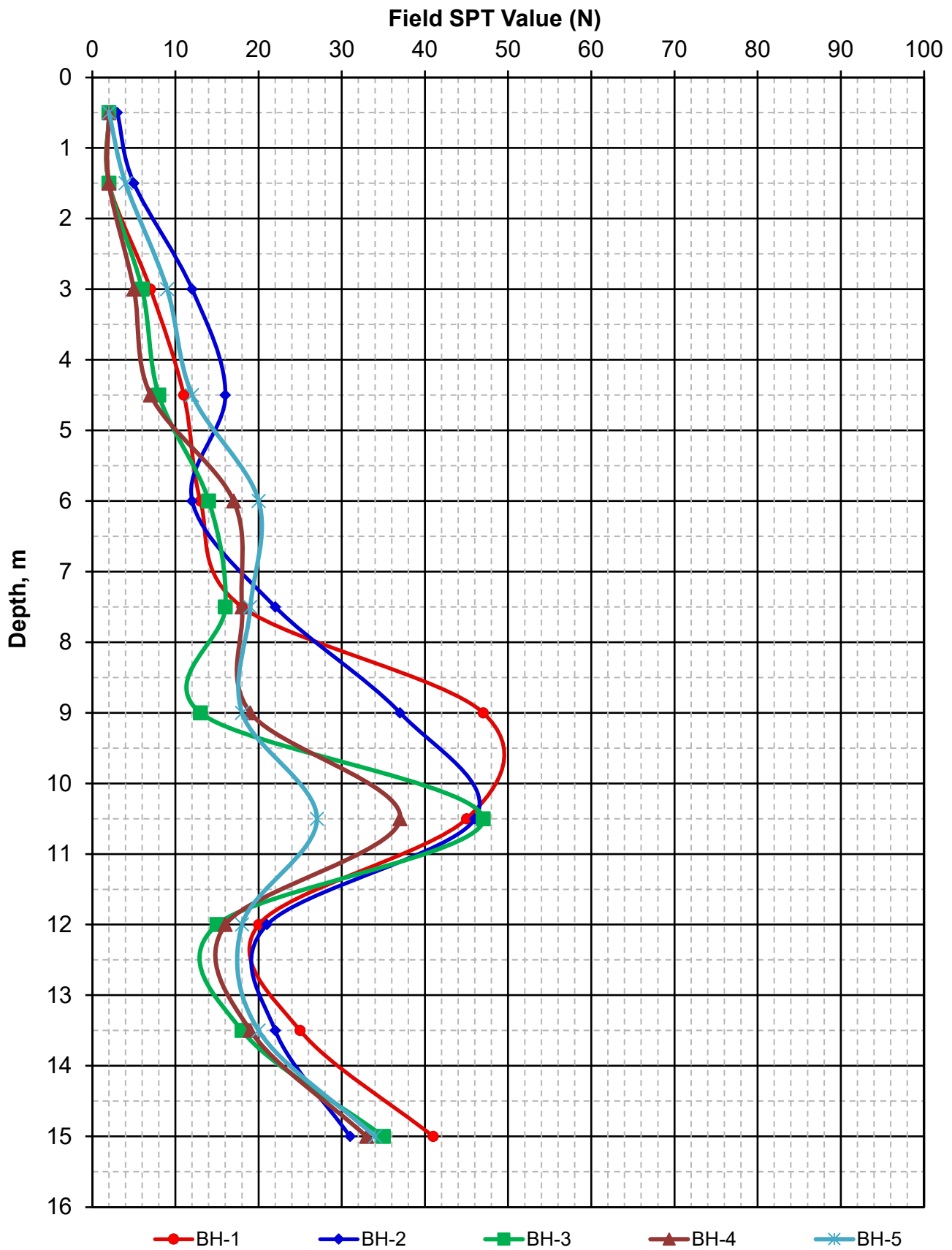
LEGEND	
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
	GW level
	Fill
	Fine sand (SP-SM)
	Sandy silt (ML-CL)
	Clayey silt (CL)
	Silty sand (SM)
	Sandy silt (ML)

Cross Section of Boreholes

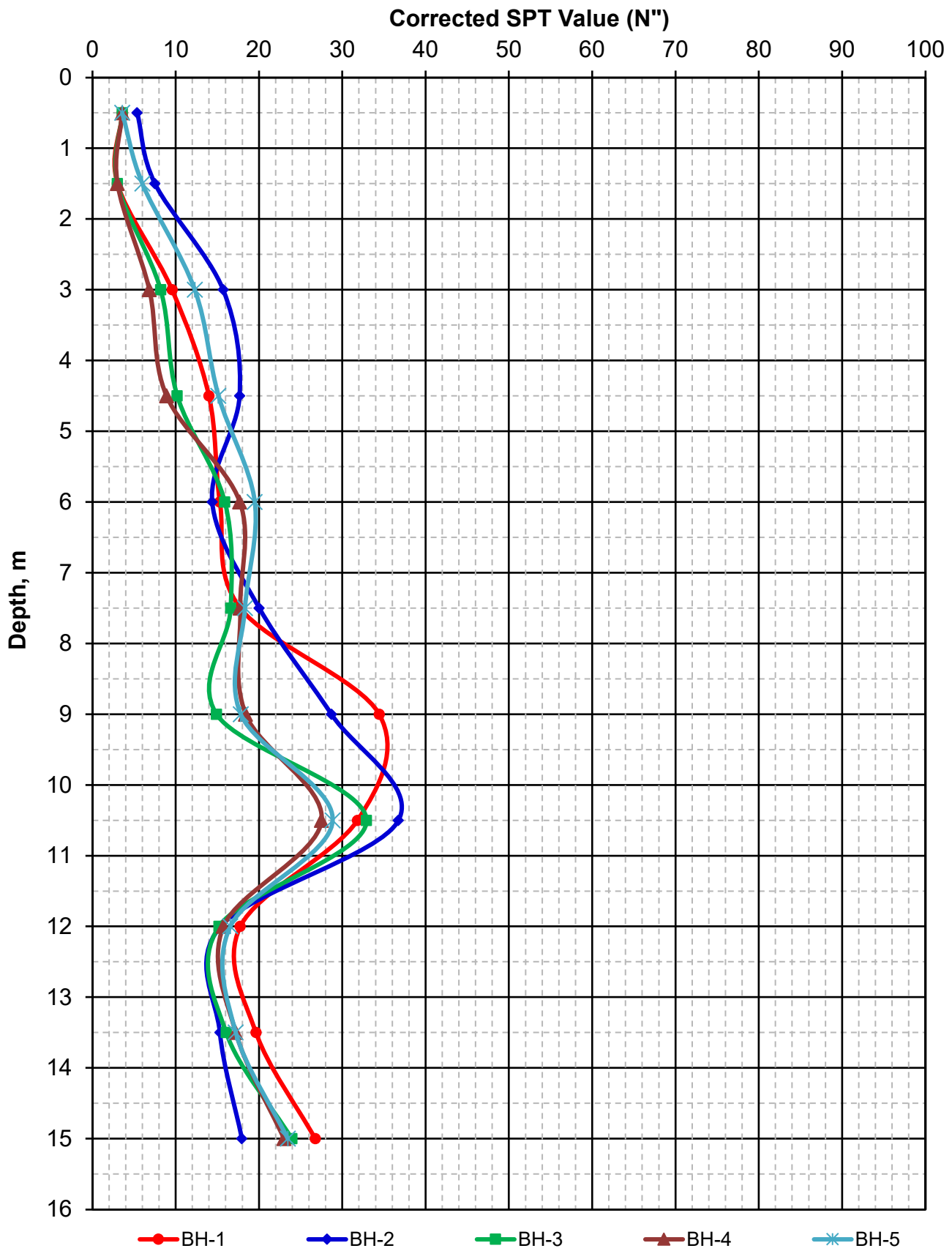


LEGEND	
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
	GW level
	Fill
	Fine sand (SP-SM)
	Sandy silt (ML-CL)
	Clayey silt (CL)
	Silty sand (SM)
	Sandy silt (ML)

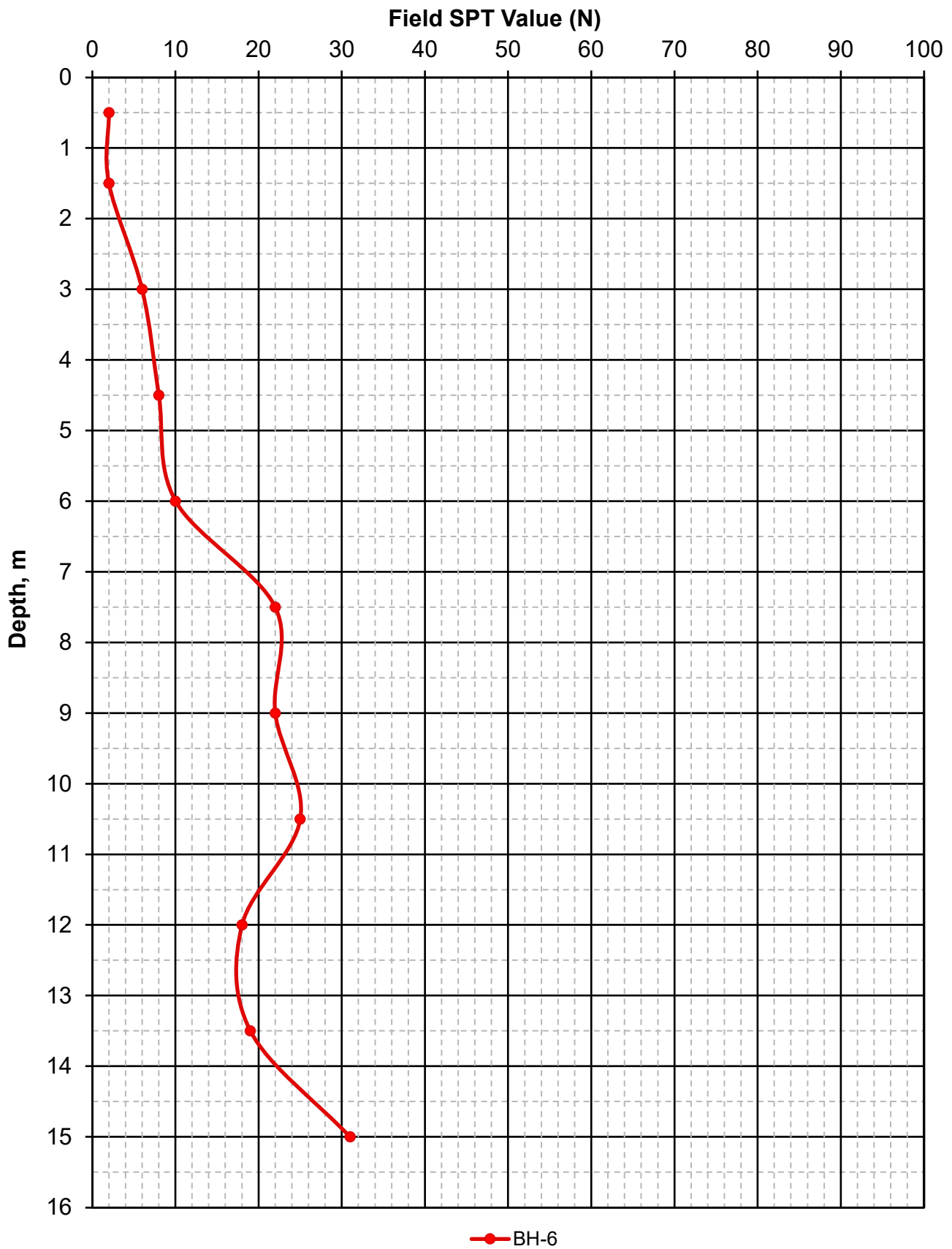
Cross Section of Boreholes



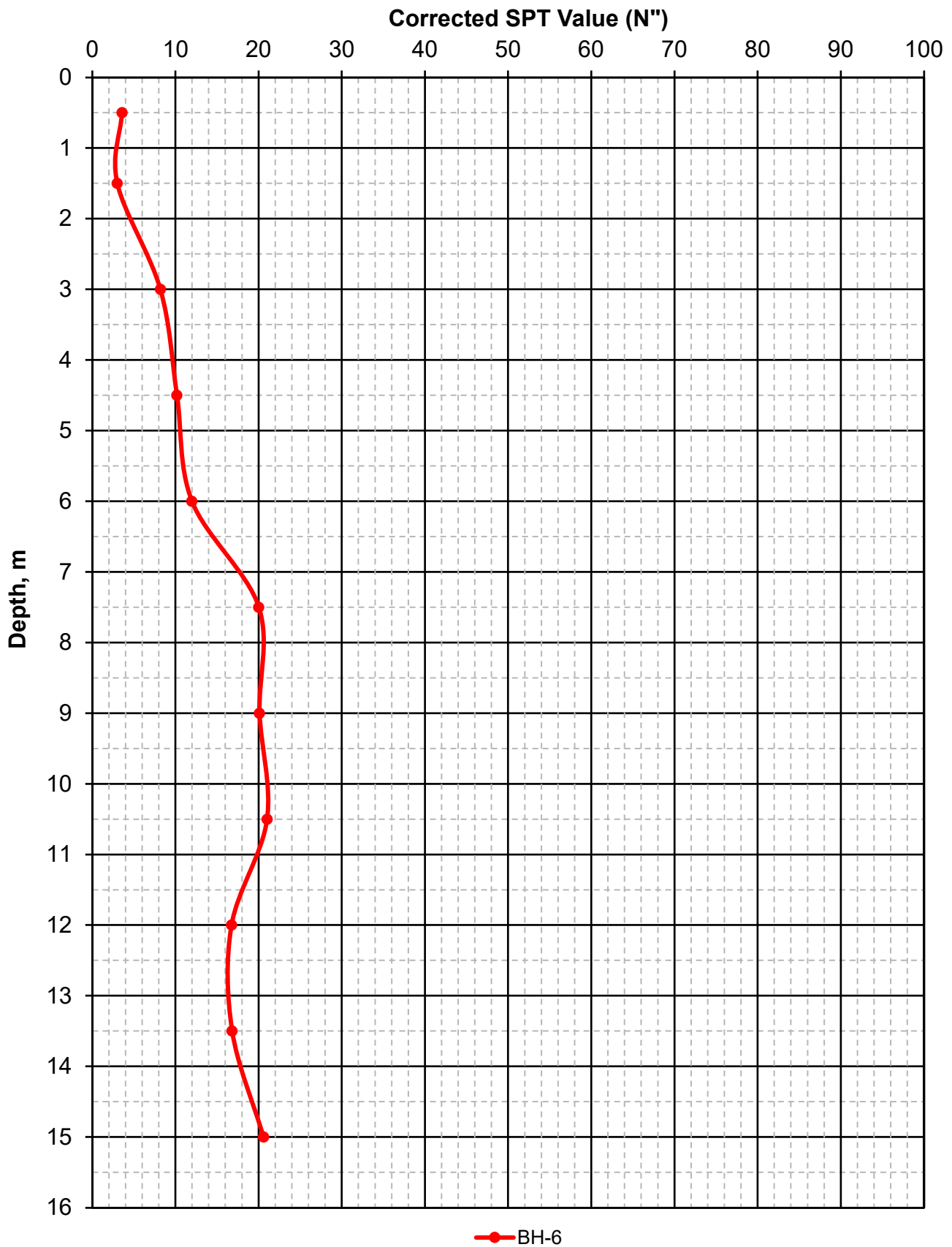
Plot of Field SPT-N value v/s depth



Plot of Corrected SPT-N" value v/s depth



Plot of Field SPT-N value v/s depth



Plot of Corrected SPT-N" value v/s depth

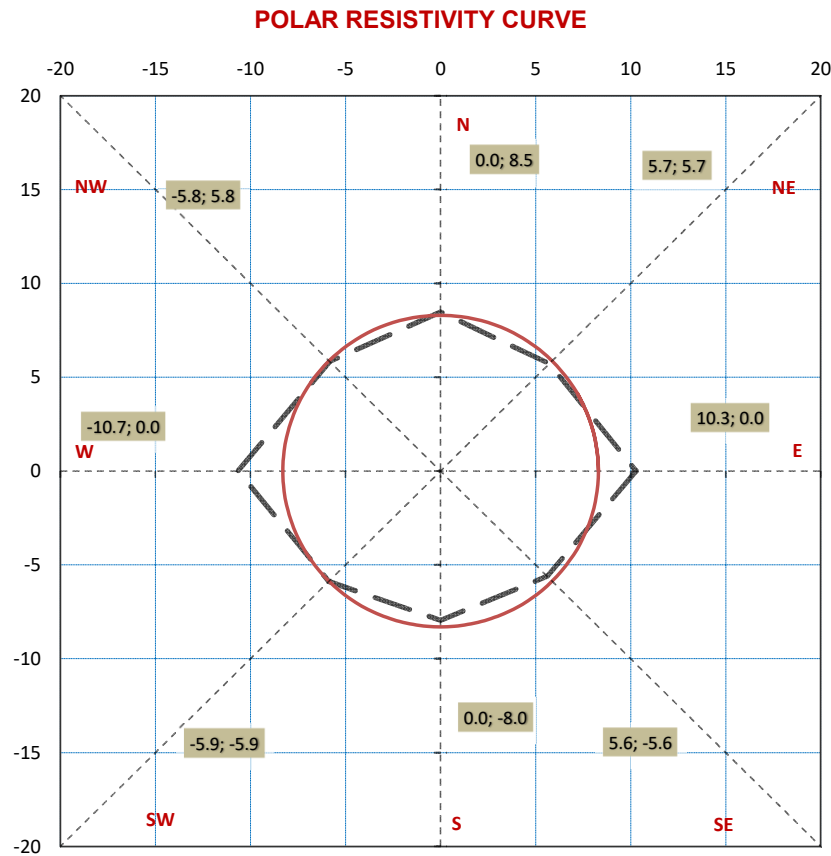


ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY TEST RESULTS

IS: 3043-1987, RA-2006

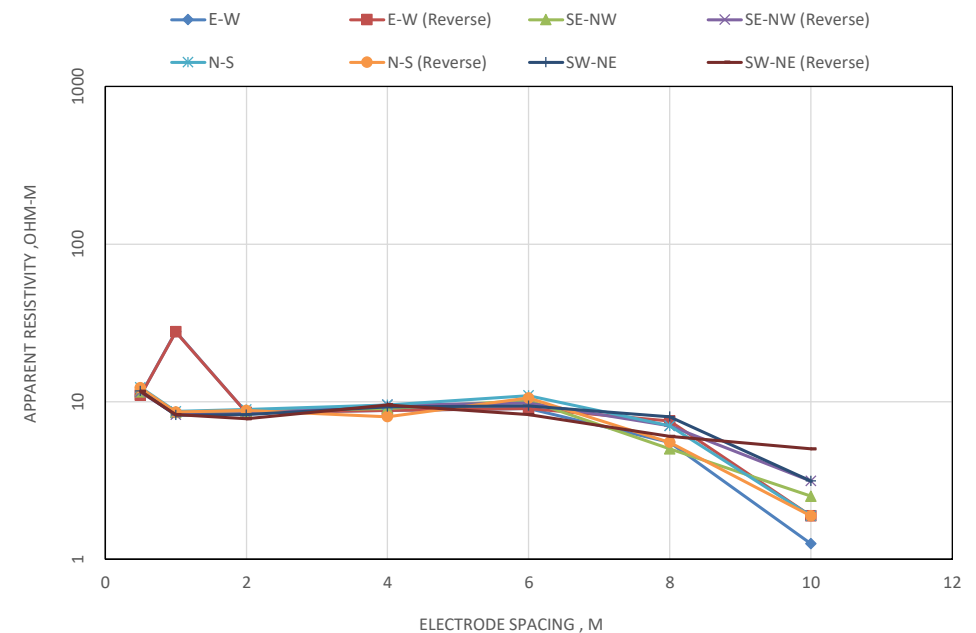
Test Details
Test Designation : ERT 01

Electrode Spacing, m	Apparent Resistivity, Ohm-m							
	E-W	E-W (Reverse)	SE-NW	SE-NW (Reverse)	N-S	N-S (Reverse)	SW-NE	SW-NE (Reverse)
0.5	11.0	11.0	11.6	11.5	12.3	12.3	11.7	11.6
1.0	27.8	27.8	8.5	8.3	8.7	8.6	8.2	8.3
2.0	8.5	8.5	8.7	8.4	8.9	8.8	8.3	7.8
4.0	8.8	8.8	9.0	9.6	9.6	8.0	9.3	9.6
6.0	9.0	9.0	10.2	9.8	10.9	10.6	9.4	8.3
8.0	5.5	7.5	5.0	7.0	7.0	5.5	8.0	6.0
10.0	1.3	1.9	2.5	3.1	1.9	1.9	3.1	5.0
Mean Resistivity	10.3	10.7	7.9	8.3	8.5	8.0	8.3	8.1



Total Area of Polygon : 215
 Radius of Equivalent Circle = Mean Resistivity : 8.3 ohm-m

MEAN RESISTIVITY VALUE = 8.3 ohm-m



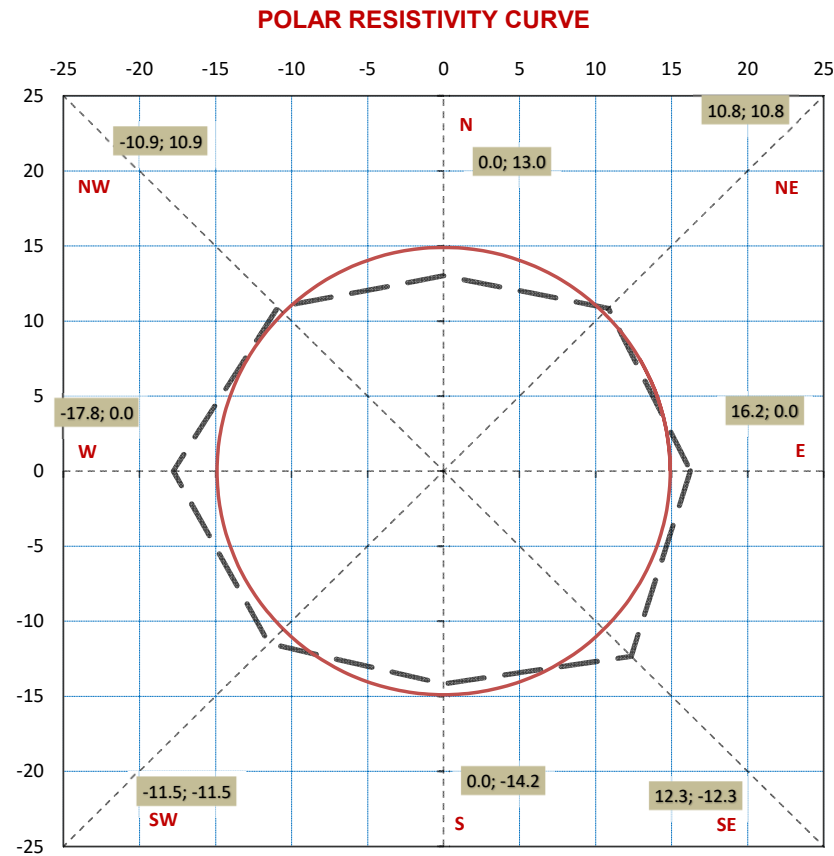


ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY TEST RESULTS

IS: 3043-1987, RA-2006

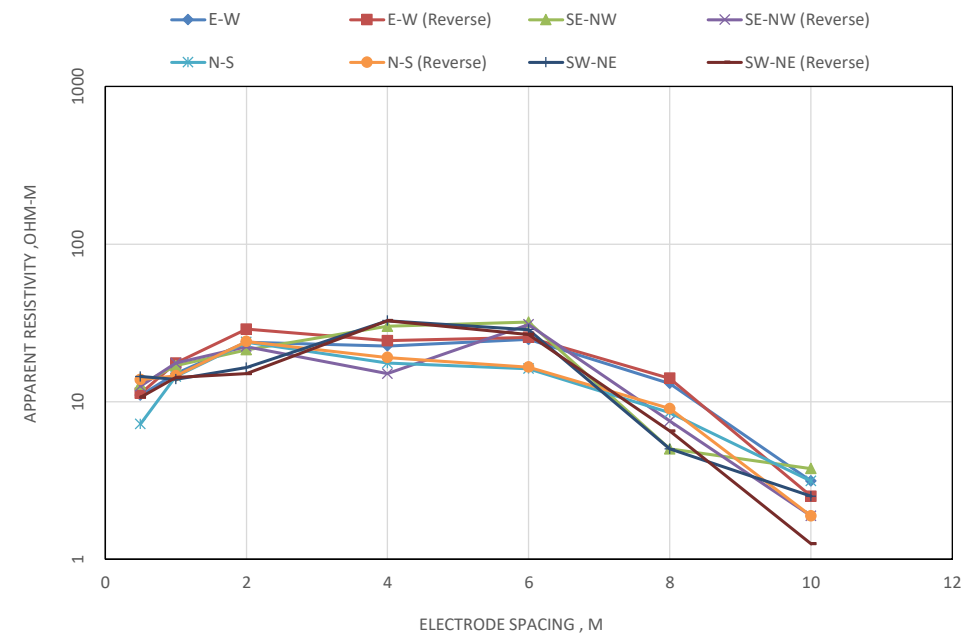
Test Details
Test Designation : ERT 02

Electrode Spacing, m	Apparent Resistivity, Ohm-m							
	E-W	E-W (Reverse)	SE-NW	SE-NW (Reverse)	N-S	N-S (Reverse)	SW-NE	SW-NE (Reverse)
0.5	11.0	11.3	12.9	12.6	7.2	13.8	14.5	10.7
1.0	15.1	17.6	17.0	17.6	14.5	14.6	13.9	14.3
2.0	23.9	28.9	21.4	22.4	23.9	24.1	16.5	15.1
4.0	22.6	24.4	30.2	15.1	17.6	19.1	32.7	32.7
6.0	24.9	25.6	32.0	30.9	16.2	16.6	28.7	26.8
8.0	13.1	14.1	5.0	7.5	8.5	9.0	5.0	6.5
10.0	3.1	2.5	3.8	1.9	3.1	1.9	2.5	1.3
Mean Resistivity	16.2	17.8	17.5	15.4	13.0	14.2	16.2	15.3



Total Area of Polygon : 697
 Radius of Equivalent Circle = Mean Resistivity : 14.9 ohm-m

MEAN RESISTIVITY VALUE = 14.9 ohm-m



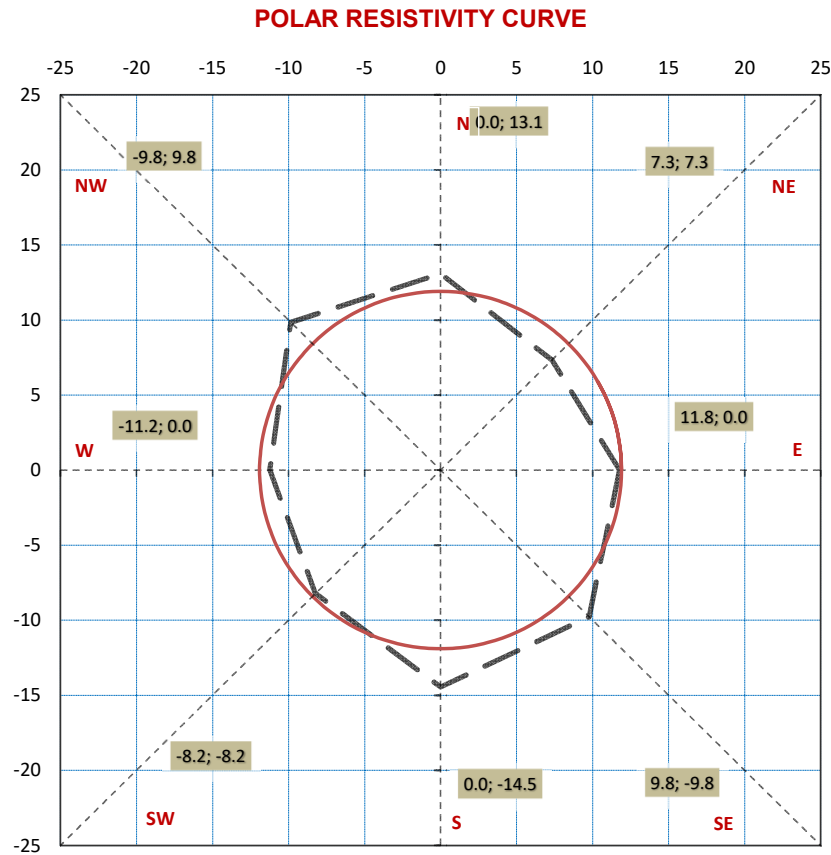


ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY TEST RESULTS

IS: 3043-1987, RA-2006

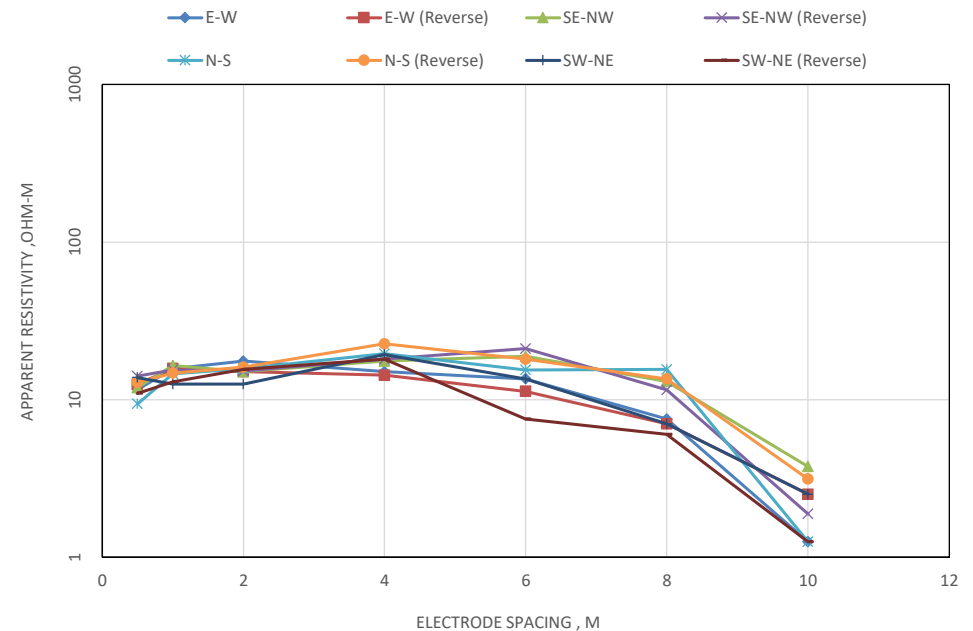
Test Details
Test Designation : ERT 03

Electrode Spacing, m	Apparent Resistivity, Ohm-m							
	E-W	E-W (Reverse)	SE-NW	SE-NW (Reverse)	N-S	N-S (Reverse)	SW-NE	SW-NE (Reverse)
0.5	11.6	12.6	11.9	14.1	9.4	12.9	13.8	11.0
1.0	15.7	15.8	16.5	15.5	14.6	14.8	12.6	13.0
2.0	17.6	15.1	15.1	15.2	15.7	16.1	12.6	15.6
4.0	15.1	14.3	17.6	18.1	19.6	22.6	19.4	18.1
6.0	13.6	11.3	18.8	21.1	15.5	18.1	13.6	7.5
8.0	7.5	7.0	13.1	11.6	15.6	13.6	7.0	6.0
10.0	1.3	2.5	3.8	1.9	1.3	3.1	2.5	1.3
Mean Resistivity	11.8	11.2	13.8	13.9	13.1	14.5	11.6	10.4



Total Area of Polygon : 444
 Radius of Equivalent Circle = Mean Resistivity : 11.9 ohm-m

MEAN RESISTIVITY VALUE = 11.9 ohm-m



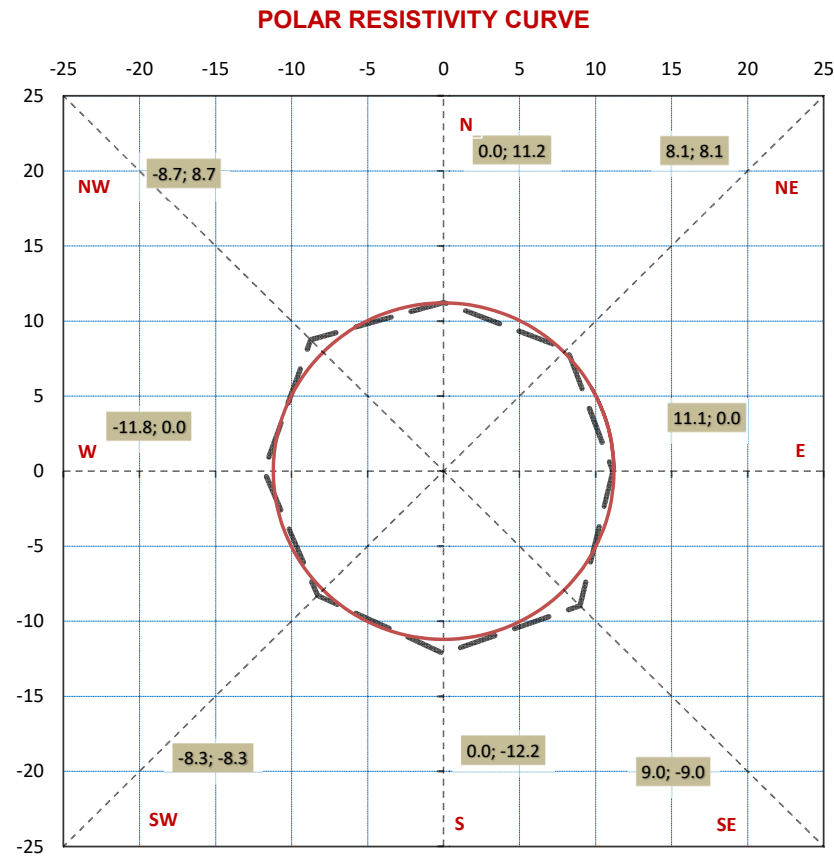


ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY TEST RESULTS

IS: 3043-1987, RA-2006

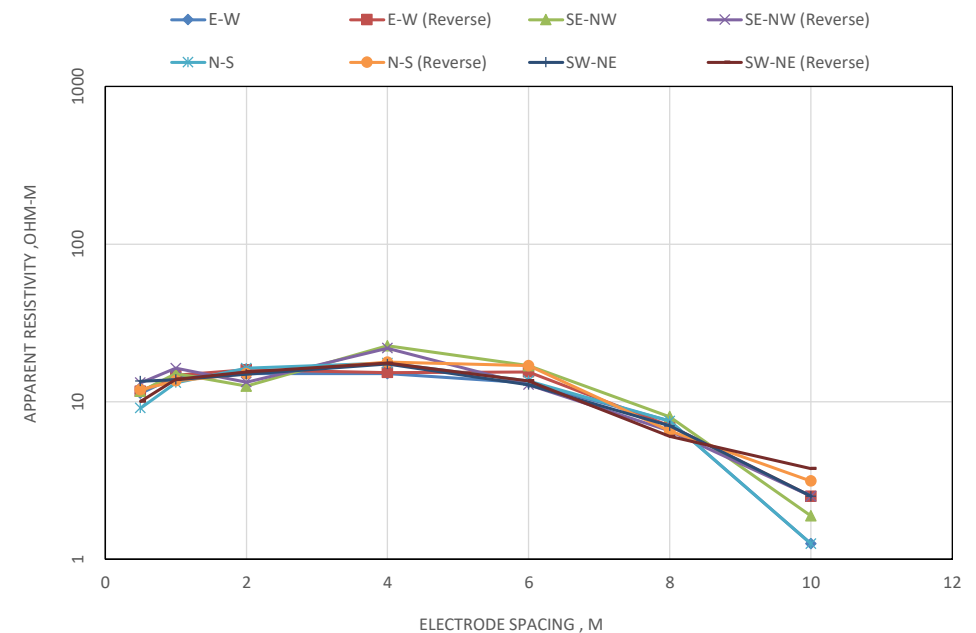
Test Details
Test Designation : ERT 04

Electrode Spacing, m	Apparent Resistivity, Ohm-m							
	E-W	E-W (Reverse)	SE-NW	SE-NW (Reverse)	N-S	N-S (Reverse)	SW-NE	SW-NE (Reverse)
0.5	11.3	11.6	11.6	13.2	9.1	11.9	13.5	10.1
1.0	14.5	14.8	15.1	16.3	13.2	13.6	13.8	13.9
2.0	15.1	16.0	12.6	13.3	16.3	15.1	15.0	15.5
4.0	15.1	15.3	22.6	21.9	17.6	17.8	17.3	17.6
6.0	13.2	15.5	17.0	12.8	13.6	17.0	12.8	13.6
8.0	7.5	7.0	8.0	6.5	7.5	6.5	7.0	6.0
10.0	1.3	2.5	1.9	2.5	1.3	3.1	2.5	3.8
Mean Resistivity	11.1	11.8	12.7	12.4	11.2	12.2	11.7	11.5



Total Area of Polygon : 395
 Radius of Equivalent Circle = Mean Resistivity : 11.2 ohm-m

MEAN RESISTIVITY VALUE = 11.2 ohm-m



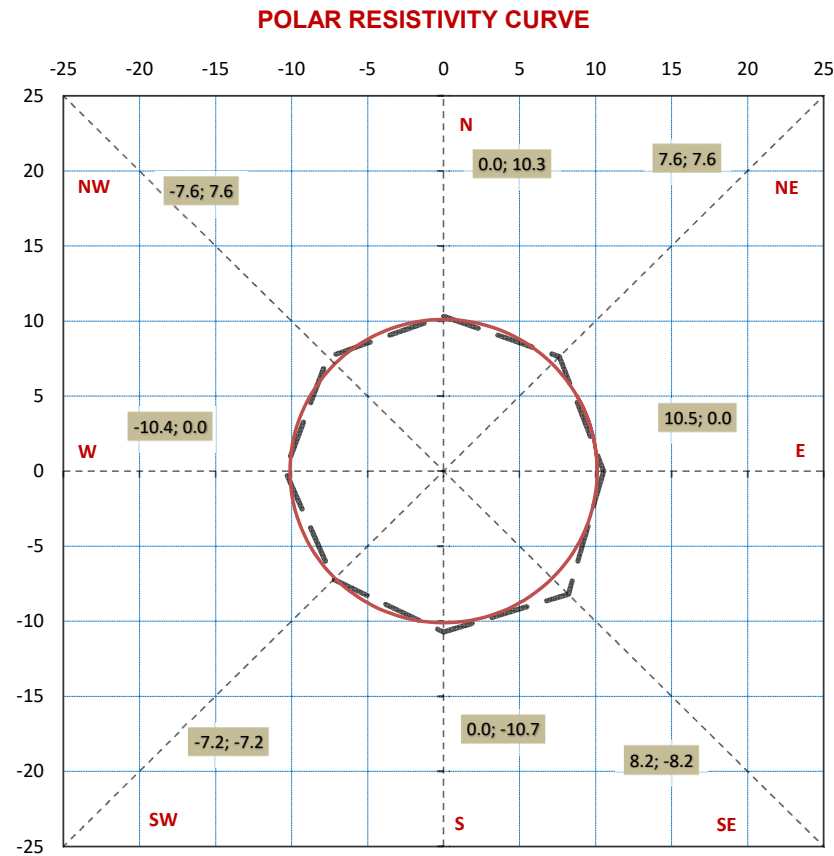


ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY TEST RESULTS

IS: 3043-1987, RA-2006

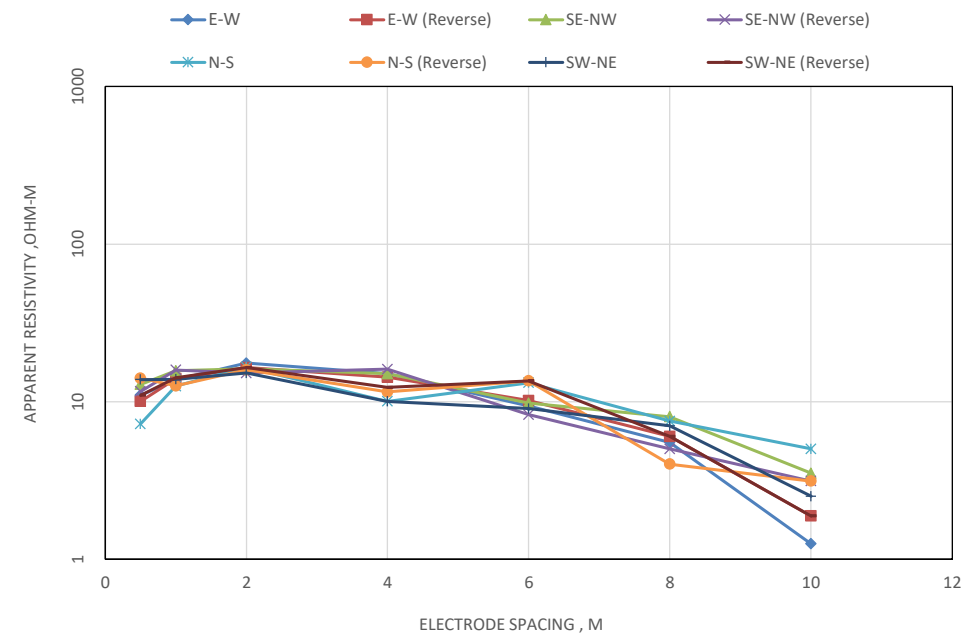
Test Details
Test Designation : ERT 05

Electrode Spacing, m	Apparent Resistivity, Ohm-m							
	E-W	E-W (Reverse)	SE-NW	SE-NW (Reverse)	N-S	N-S (Reverse)	SW-NE	SW-NE (Reverse)
0.5	11.0	10.1	12.9	11.6	7.2	14.1	13.8	11.0
1.0	13.8	14.0	15.7	15.9	12.6	12.6	13.9	14.2
2.0	17.6	16.5	16.2	15.2	16.6	16.0	15.2	16.5
4.0	15.1	14.3	15.1	16.1	10.1	11.6	10.1	12.3
6.0	9.4	10.2	9.8	8.3	13.2	13.6	9.0	13.6
8.0	5.5	6.0	8.0	5.0	7.5	4.0	7.0	6.0
10.0	1.3	1.9	3.5	3.1	5.0	3.1	2.5	1.9
Mean Resistivity	10.5	10.4	11.6	10.8	10.3	10.7	10.2	10.8



Total Area of Polygon : 322
 Radius of Equivalent Circle = Mean Resistivity : 10.1 ohm-m

MEAN RESISTIVITY VALUE = 10.1 ohm-m



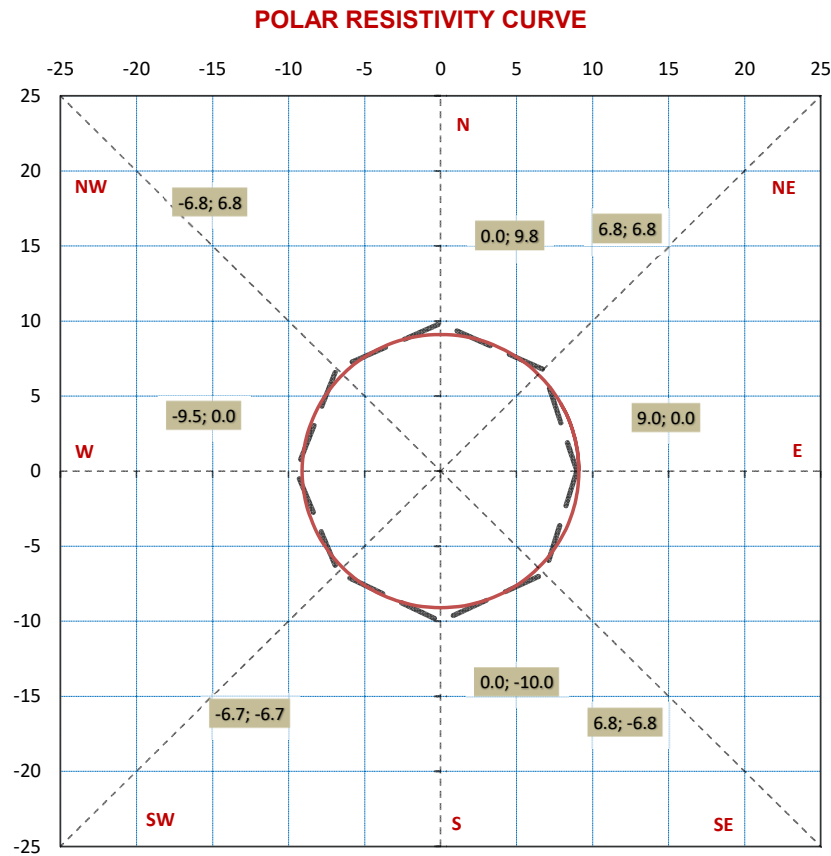


ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY TEST RESULTS

IS: 3043-1987, RA-2006

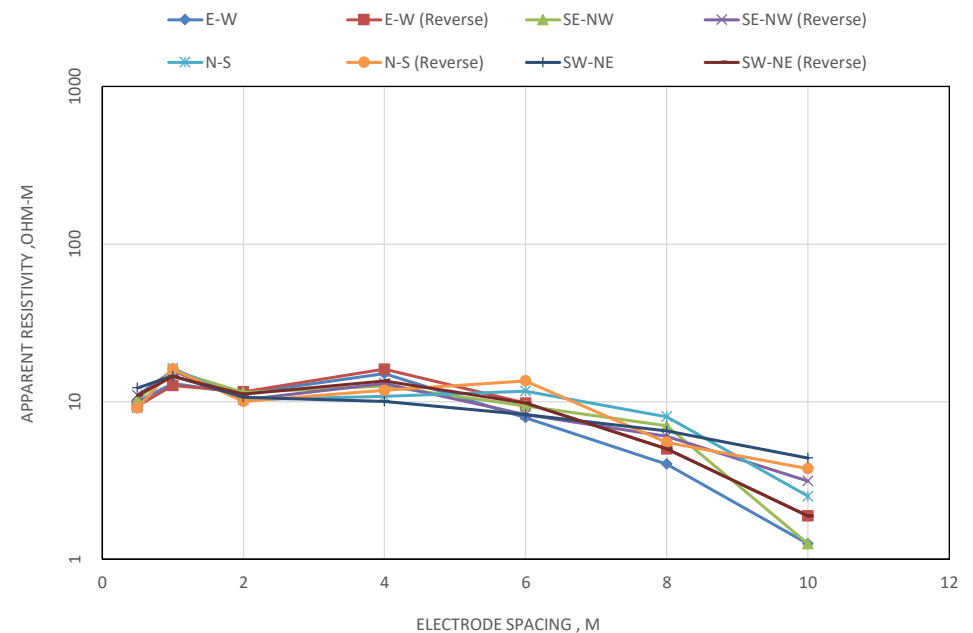
Test Details
Test Designation : ERT 06

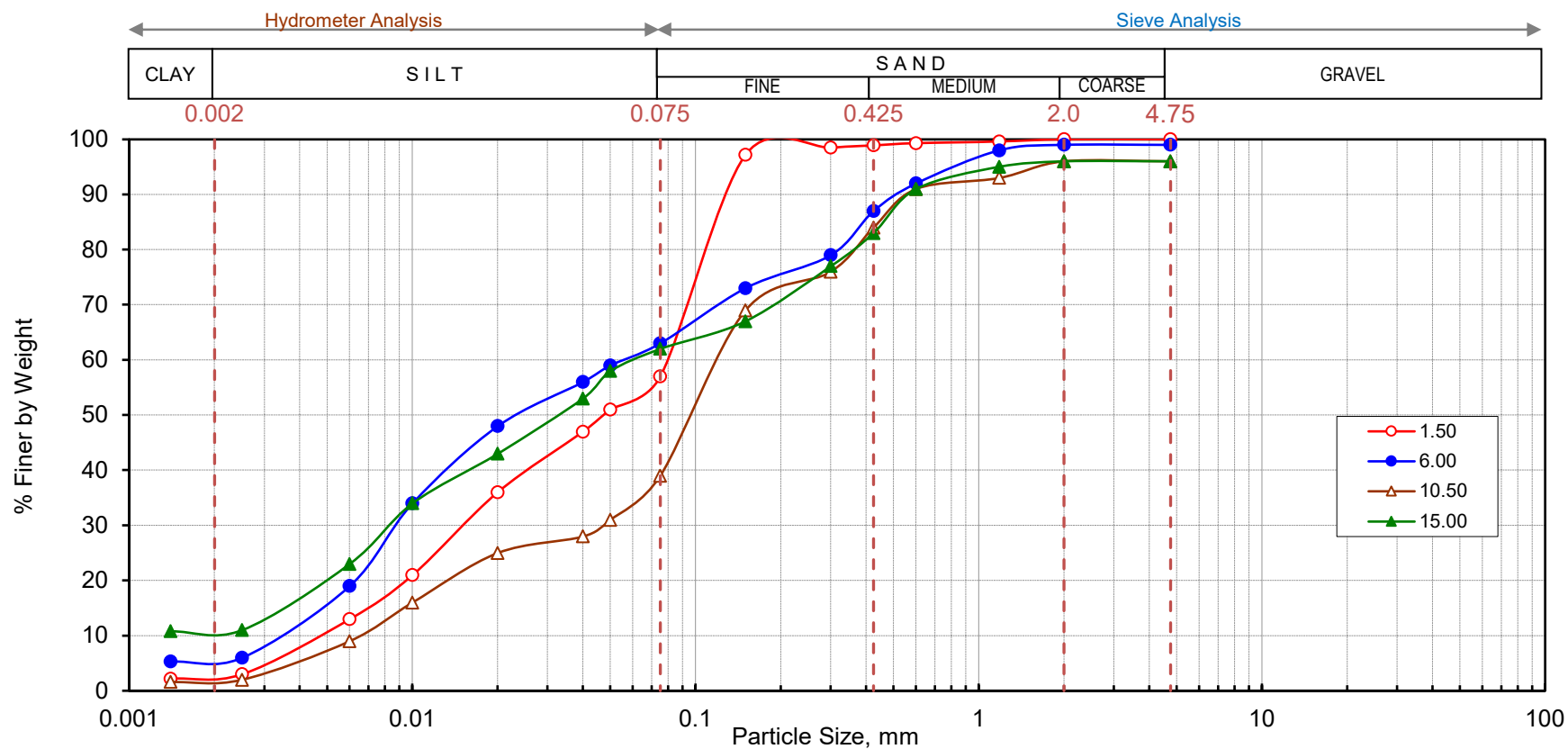
Electrode Spacing, m	Apparent Resistivity, Ohm-m							
	E-W	E-W (Reverse)	SE-NW	SE-NW (Reverse)	N-S	N-S (Reverse)	SW-NE	SW-NE (Reverse)
0.5	10.1	9.4	10.4	11.0	9.1	9.1	12.3	11.0
1.0	13.1	12.7	15.7	15.8	16.3	16.1	14.6	14.5
2.0	11.3	11.6	11.4	10.3	10.3	10.1	10.7	11.2
4.0	15.1	16.1	12.6	13.1	10.8	11.8	10.1	13.6
6.0	7.9	9.8	9.4	8.3	11.7	13.6	8.3	9.8
8.0	4.0	5.0	7.0	6.0	8.0	5.5	6.5	5.0
10.0	1.3	1.9	1.3	3.1	2.5	3.8	4.4	1.9
Mean Resistivity	9.0	9.5	9.7	9.7	9.8	10.0	9.5	9.6



Total Area of Polygon : 260
 Radius of Equivalent Circle = Mean Resistivity : 9.1 ohm-m

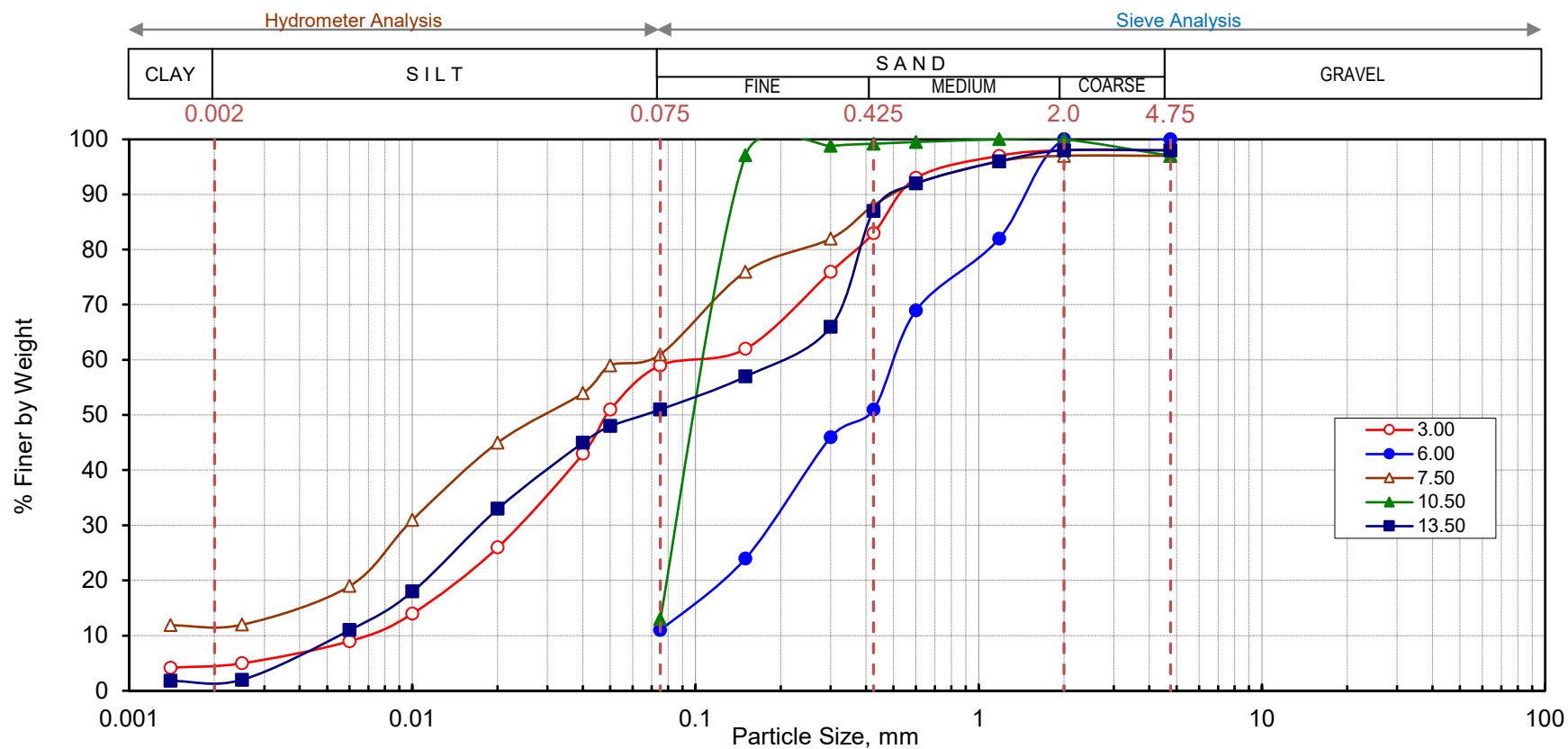
MEAN RESISTIVITY VALUE = 9.1 ohm-m





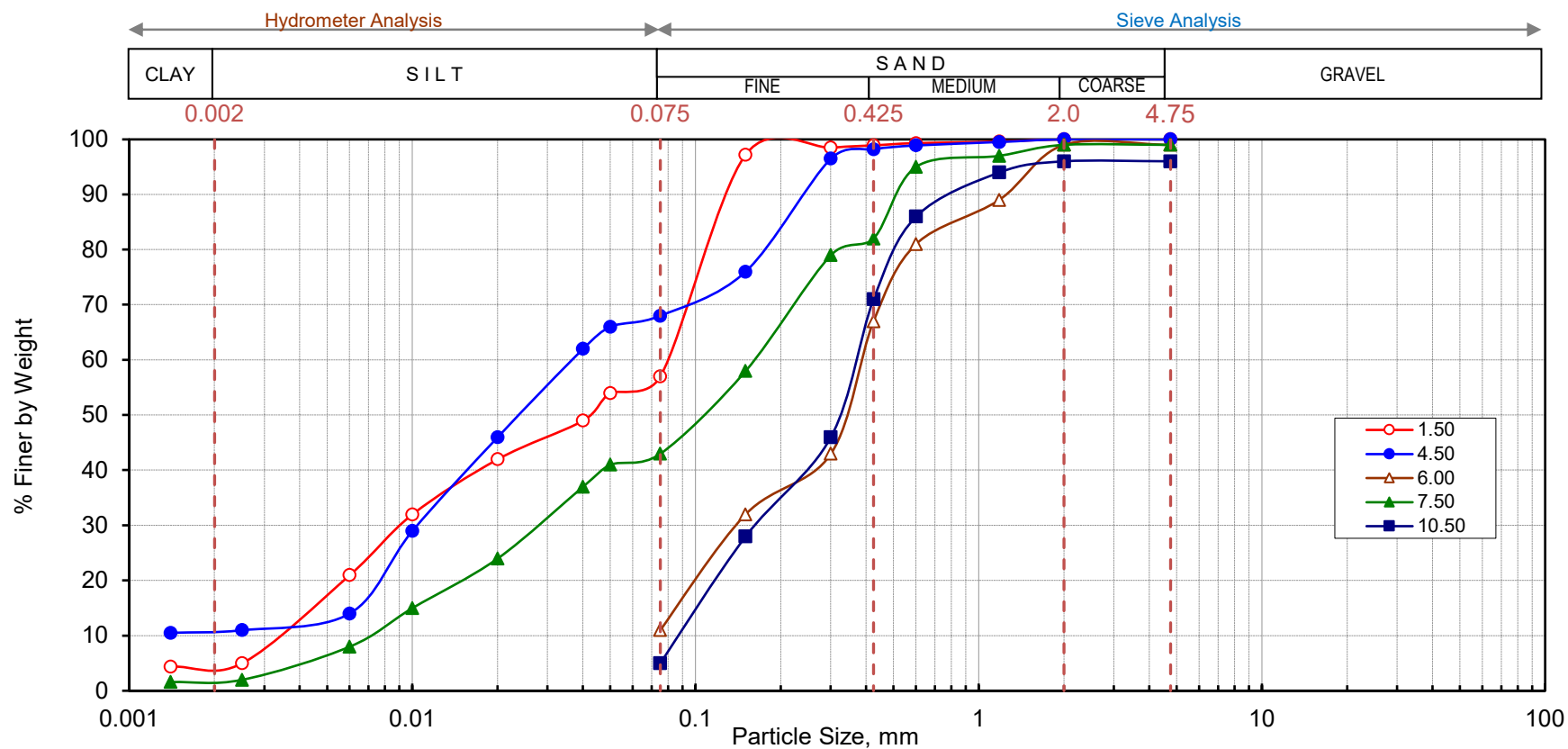
Sample Details				Test Results									
Location	Borehole Number	Sample Depth, m	Sample Description	Gravel %	Sand %	Silt %	Clay %		D ₆₀	D ₃₀	D ₁₀	C _u	C _c
Bakkarwala	BH-1	1.50	Sandy silt (ML)	0	43	54	3		0.081	0.016	0.005	16.3	0.64
	BH-1	6.00	Clayey silt (ML-CL)	1	36	57	6		0.056	0.009	0.004	15.7	0.40
	BH-1	10.50	Silty sand (SM)	4	57	37	2		0.128	0.047	0.007	19.4	2.60
	BH-1	15.00	Clayey silt (CL)	4	34	51	11		0.063	0.009			

Grain Size Distribution



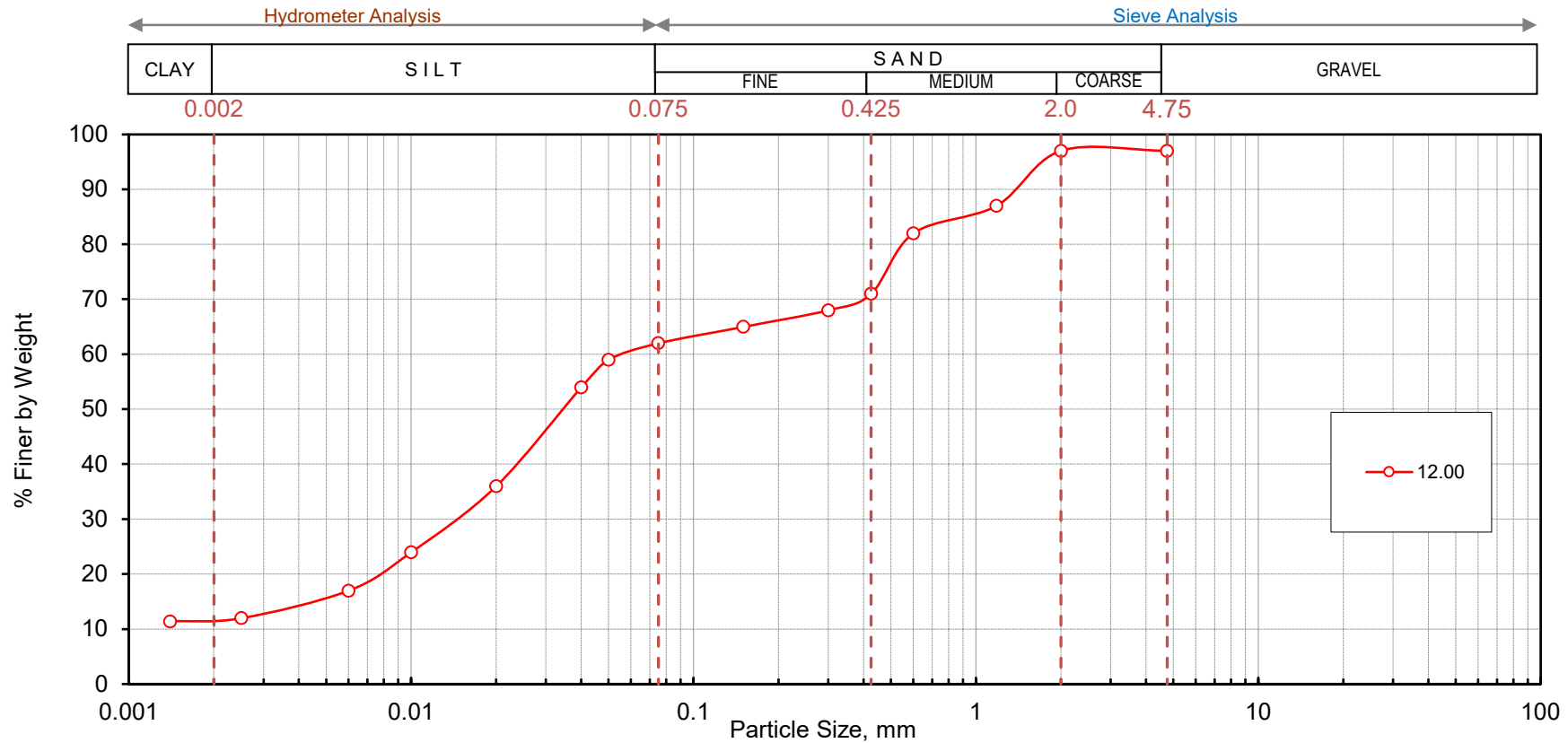
Sample Details				Test Results									
Location	Borehole Number	Sample Depth, m	Sample Description	Gravel %	Sand %	Silt %	Clay %		D ₆₀	D ₃₀	D ₁₀	C _u	C _c
Bakkarwala	BH-2	3.00	Clayey silt (CL-ML)	2	39	54	5		0.100	0.025	0.007	14.7	0.90
	BH-2	6.00	Fine sand (SP-SM)	0	89	11	0		0.513	0.191			
	BH-2	7.50	Clayey silt (CL)	3	36	49	12		0.063	0.010			
	BH-2	10.50	Fine sand (SP-SM)	3	84	13	0		0.117	0.090			
	BH-2	13.50	Sandy silt (ML)	2	47	49	2		0.200	0.018	0.006	35.6	0.29

Grain Size Distribution



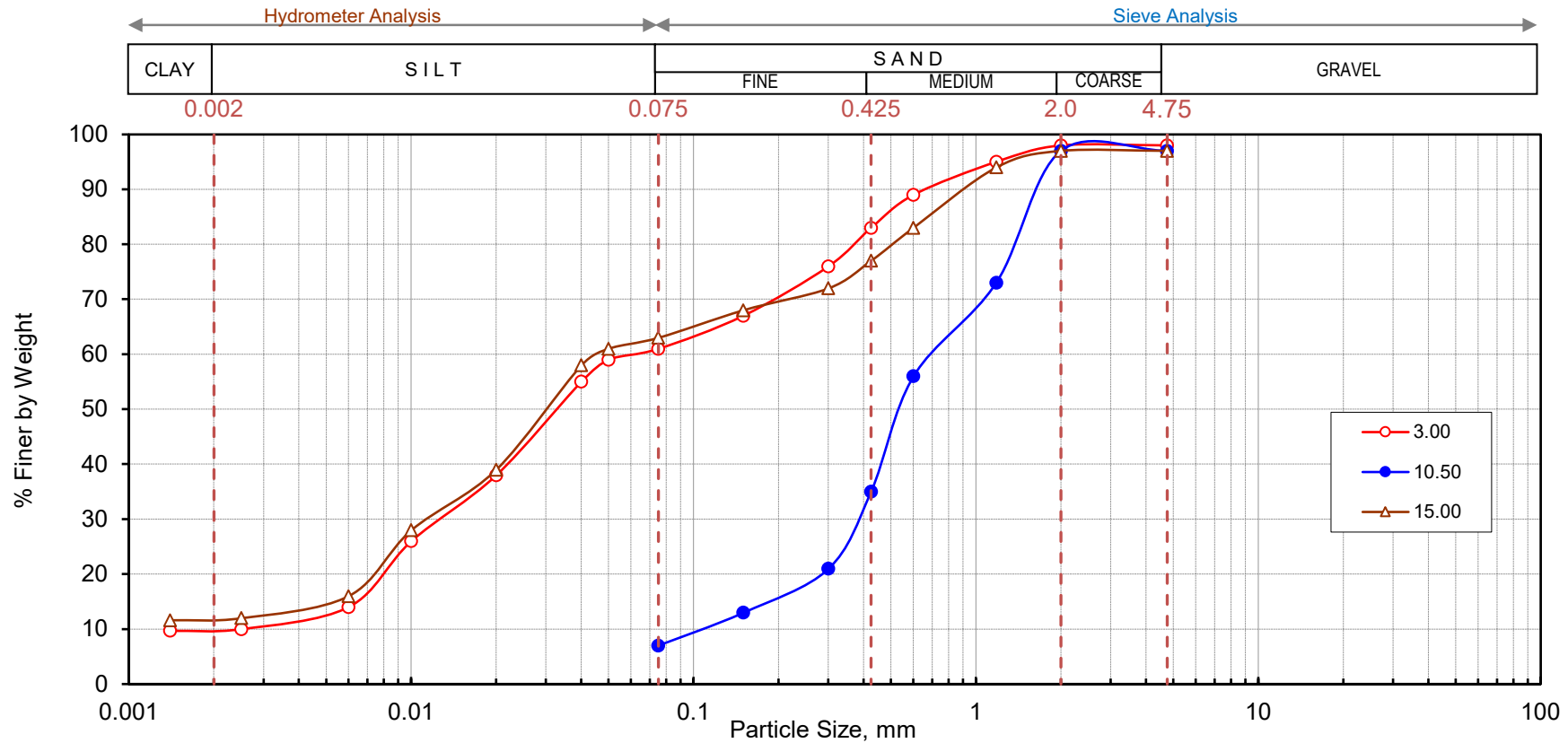
Sample Details				Test Results									
Location	Borehole Number	Sample Depth, m	Sample Description	Gravel %	Sand %	Silt %	Clay %		D ₆₀	D ₃₀	D ₁₀	C _u	C _c
Bakkarwala	BH-3	1.50	Sandy silt (ML)	0	43	52	5		0.081	0.009	0.004	22.4	0.30
	BH-3	4.50	Clayey silt (CL)	0	32	57	11		0.038	0.011			
	BH-3	6.00	Fine sand (SP-SM)	1	88	11	0		0.389	0.143			
	BH-3	7.50	Silty sand (SM)	1	56	41	2		0.164	0.029	0.007	23.0	0.73
	BH-3	10.50	Fine sand (SP-SM)	4	91	5	0		0.370	0.167	0.091	4.1	0.82

Grain Size Distribution



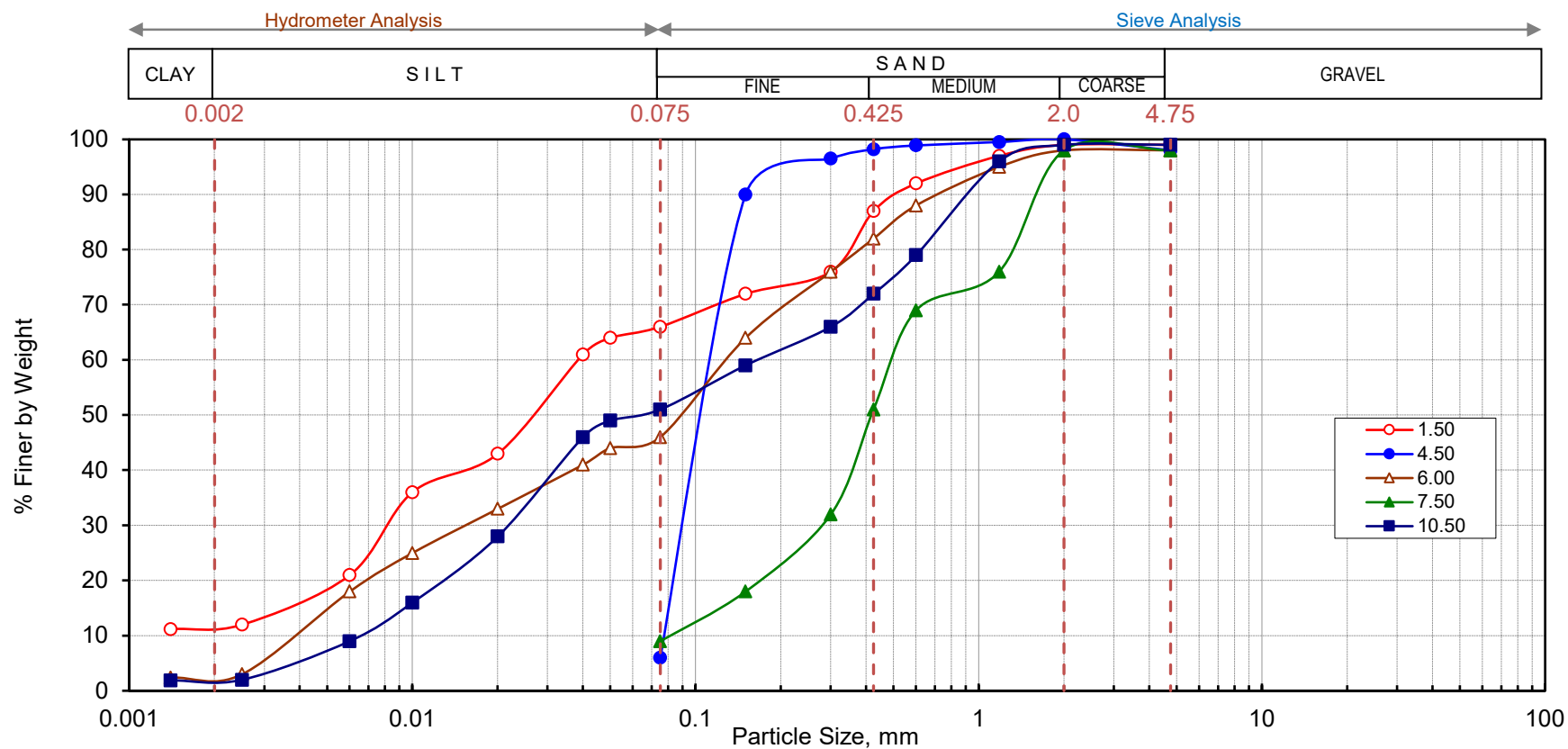
Sample Details				Test Results									
Location	Borehole Number	Sample Depth, m	Sample Description	Gravel %	Sand %	Silt %	Clay %		D ₆₀	D ₃₀	D ₁₀	C _u	C _c
Bakkarwala	BH-3	12.00	Clayey silt (CL)	3	35	50	12		0.058	0.015			

Grain Size Distribution



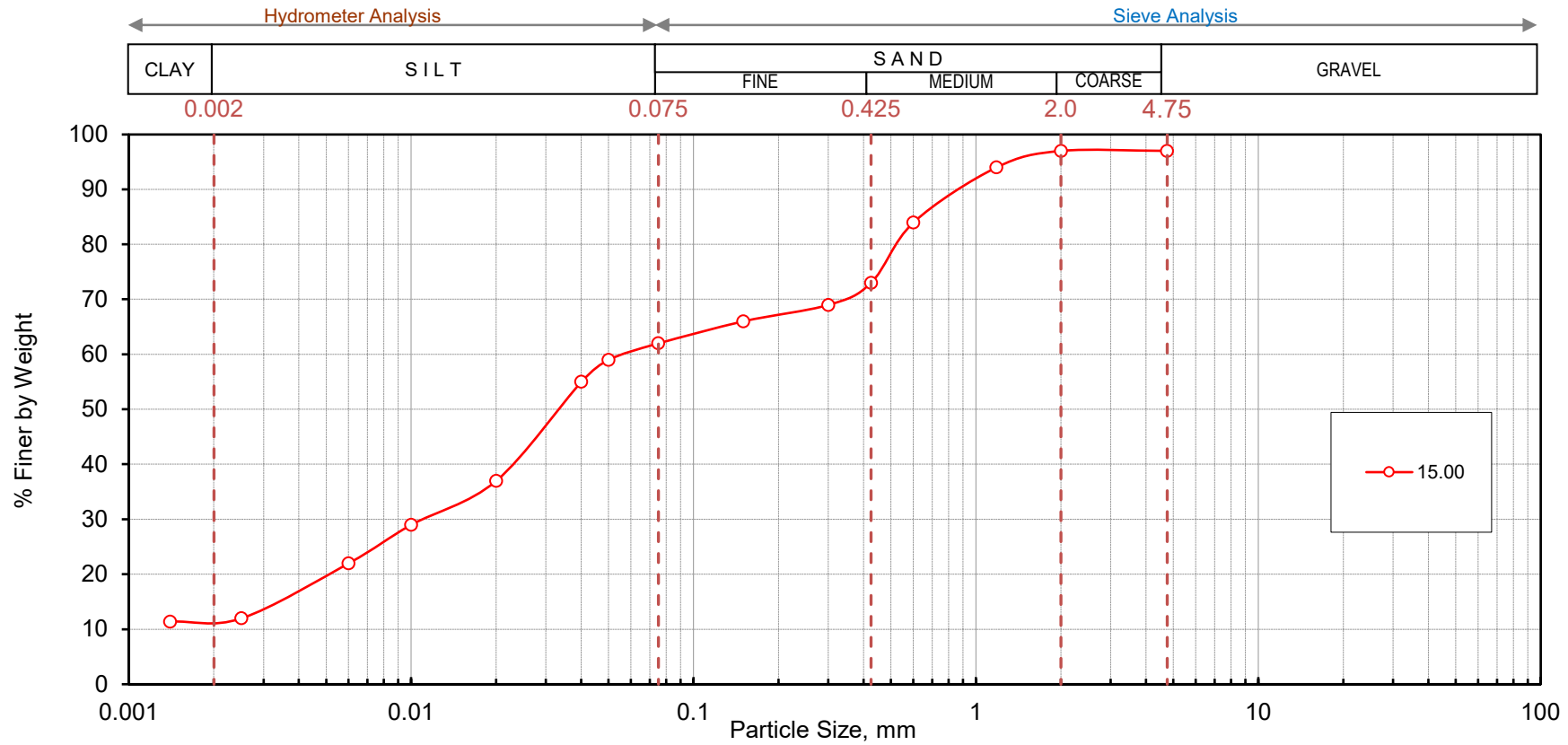
Sample Details				Test Results									
Location	Borehole Number	Sample Depth, m	Sample Description	Gravel %	Sand %	Silt %	Clay %		D ₆₀	D ₃₀	D ₁₀	C _u	C _c
Bakkarwala	BH-4	3.00	Clayey silt (CL)	2	37	51	10		0.063	0.013			
	BH-4	10.50	Fine sand (SP-SM)	3	90	7	0		0.736	0.380	0.113	6.6	1.75
	BH-4	15.00	Sandy silt (ML)	3	34	51	12		0.047	0.012			

Grain Size Distribution



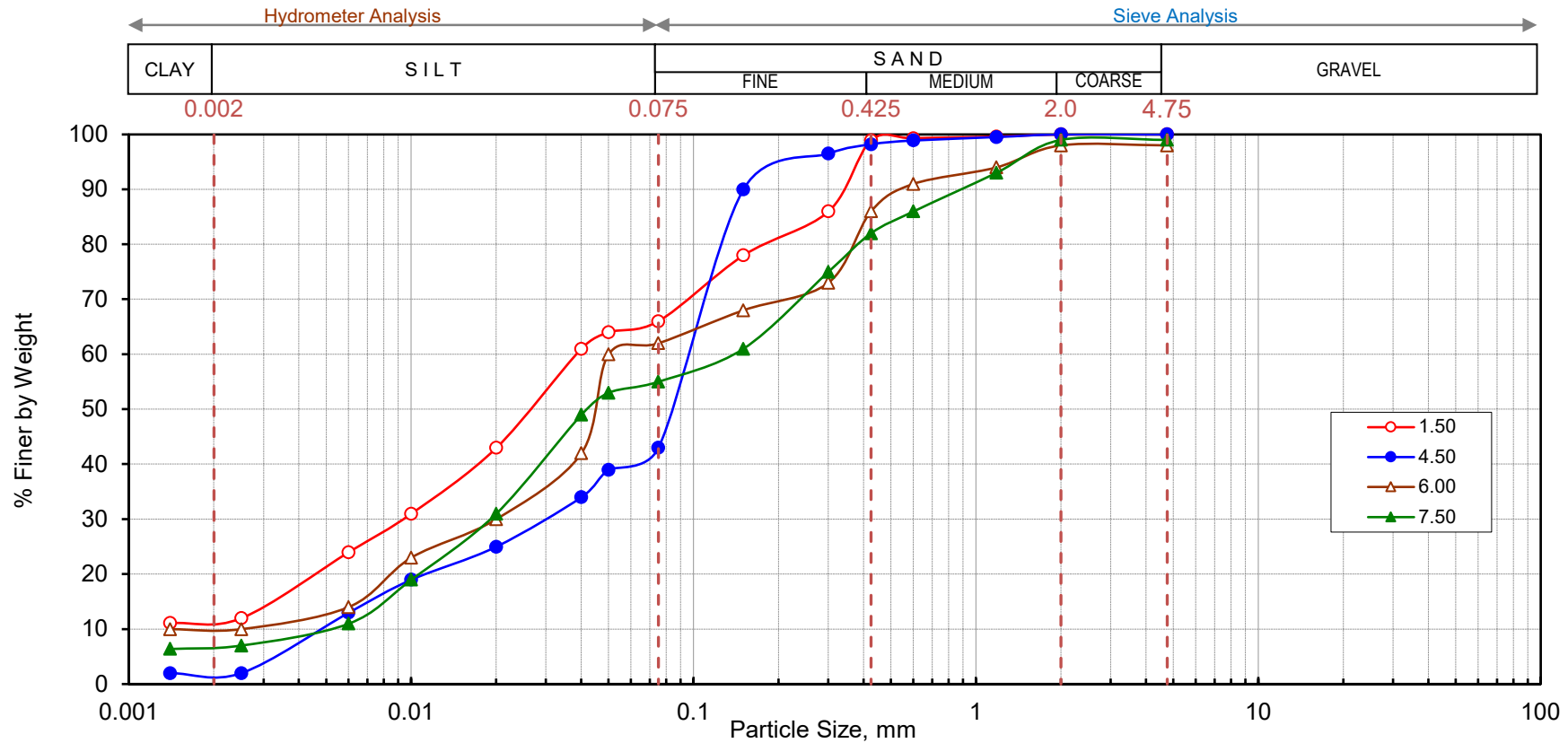
Sample Details				Test Results									
Location	Borehole Number	Sample Depth, m	Sample Description	Gravel %	Sand %	Silt %	Clay %		D ₆₀	D ₃₀	D ₁₀	C _u	C _c
Bakkarwala	BH-4	1.50	Clayey silt (CL)	1	33	54	12		0.039	0.008			
	BH-4	4.50	Fine sand (SP-SM)	2	92	6	0		0.123	0.096	0.079	1.6	0.96
	BH-4	6.00	Silty sand (SM)	2	52	43	3		0.133	0.016	0.004	32.3	0.48
	BH-4	7.50	Fine sand (SP-SM)	2	89	9	0		0.513	0.279	0.083	6.2	1.82
	BH-4	10.50	Sandy silt (ML)	1	48	49	2		0.171	0.022	0.007	26.1	0.44

Grain Size Distribution



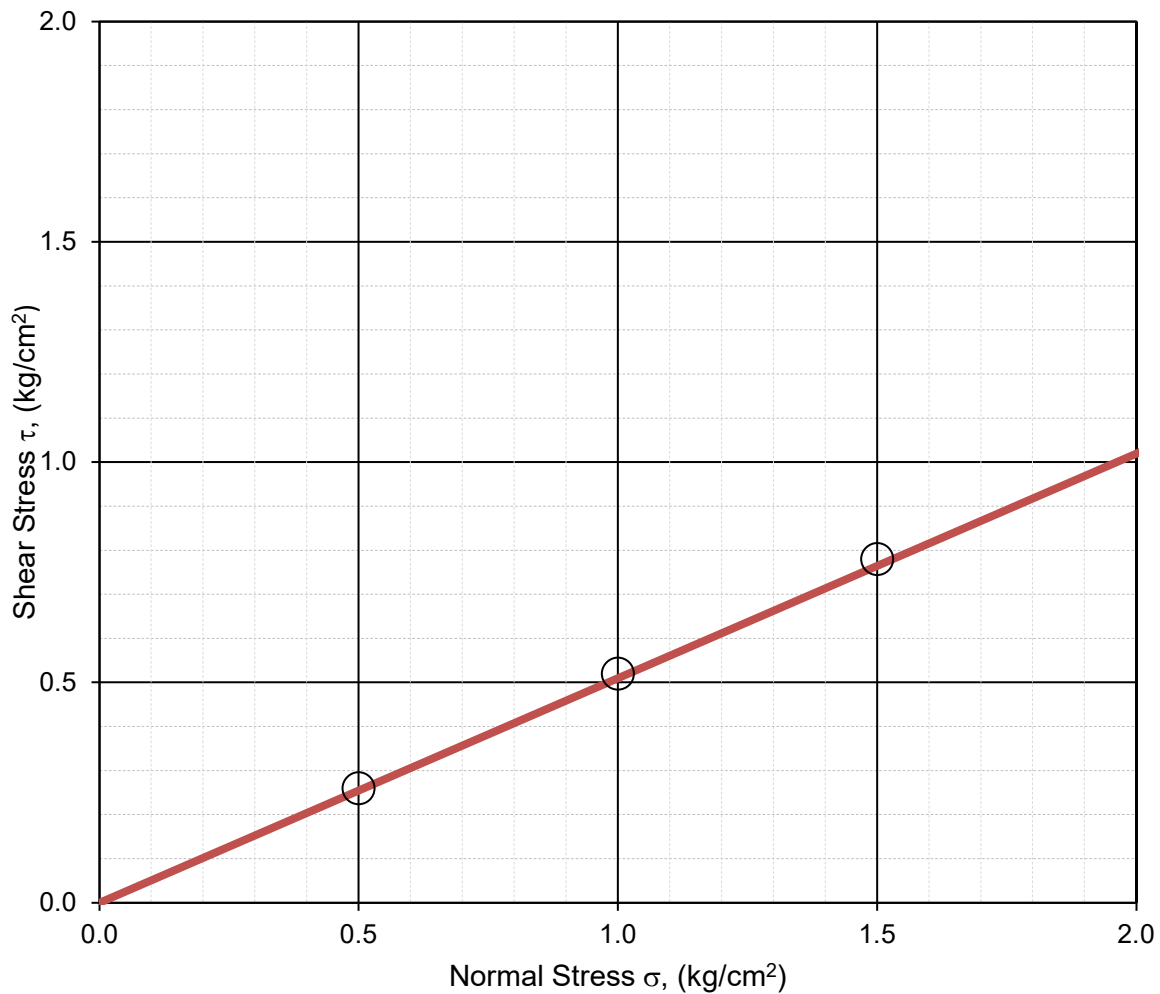
Sample Details				Test Results									
Location	Borehole Number	Sample Depth, m	Sample Description	Gravel %	Sand %	Silt %	Clay %		D ₆₀	D ₃₀	D ₁₀	C _u	C _c
Bakkarwala	BH-5	15.00	Clayey silt (CL)	3	35	50	12		0.058	0.011			

Grain Size Distribution



Sample Details				Test Results									
Location	Borehole Number	Sample Depth, m	Sample Description	Gravel %	Sand %	Silt %	Clay %		D ₆₀	D ₃₀	D ₁₀	C _u	C _c
Bakkarwala	BH-6	1.50	Clayey silt (CL)	0	34	54	12		0.039	0.009			
	BH-6	4.50	Silty sand (SM)	0	57	41	2		0.102	0.031	0.005	20.2	1.88
	BH-6	6.00	Clayey silt (CL)	2	36	52	10		0.050	0.020			
	BH-6	7.50	Clayey silt (ML-CL)	1	44	48	7		0.138	0.019	0.005	26.8	0.52

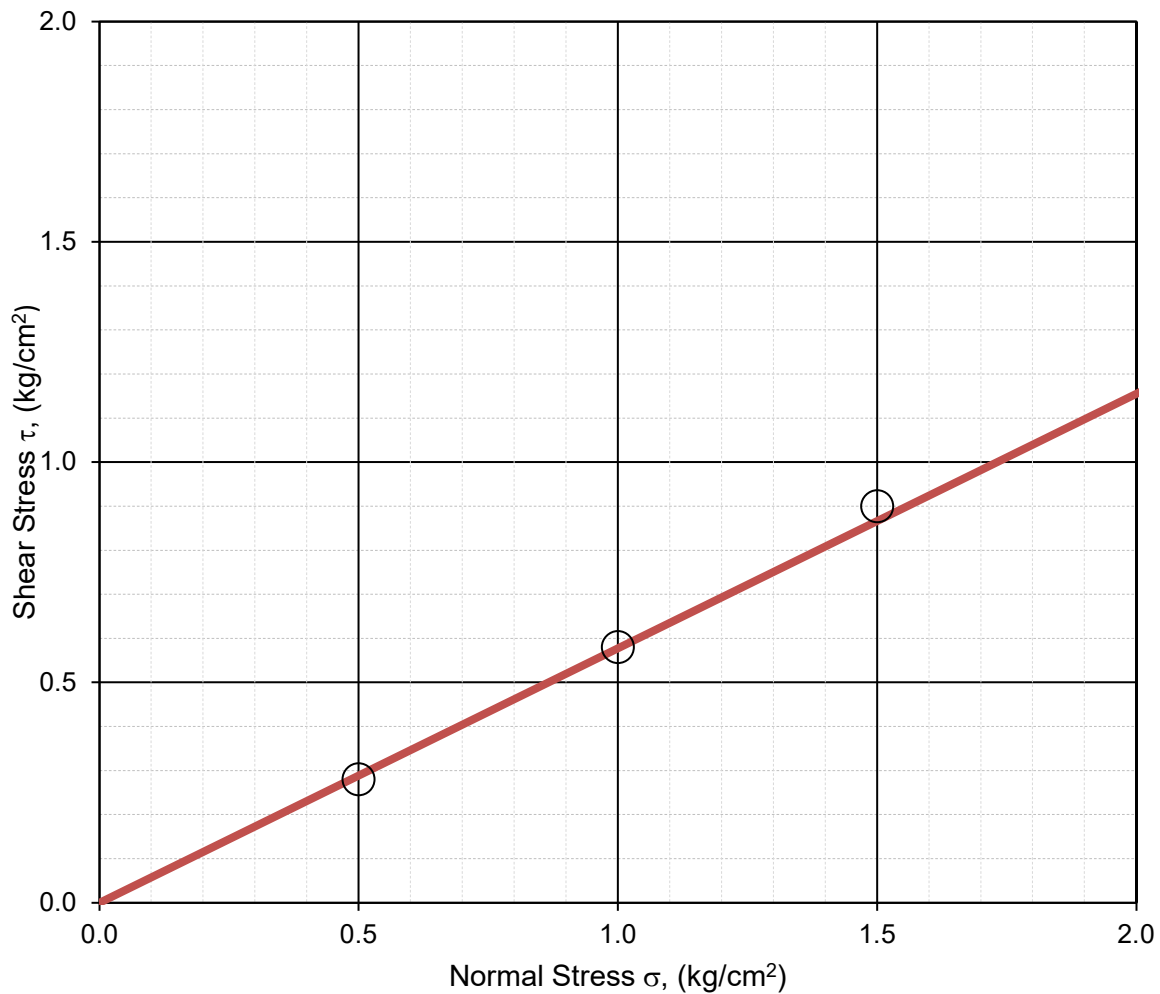
Grain Size Distribution



Borehole No.	=	1
Sample Depth, m	=	2.25
Sample Description	=	Silty sand

Cohesion Intercept, c (kg/cm²)	=	0
Angle of Internal Friction, ϕ (degrees)	=	27

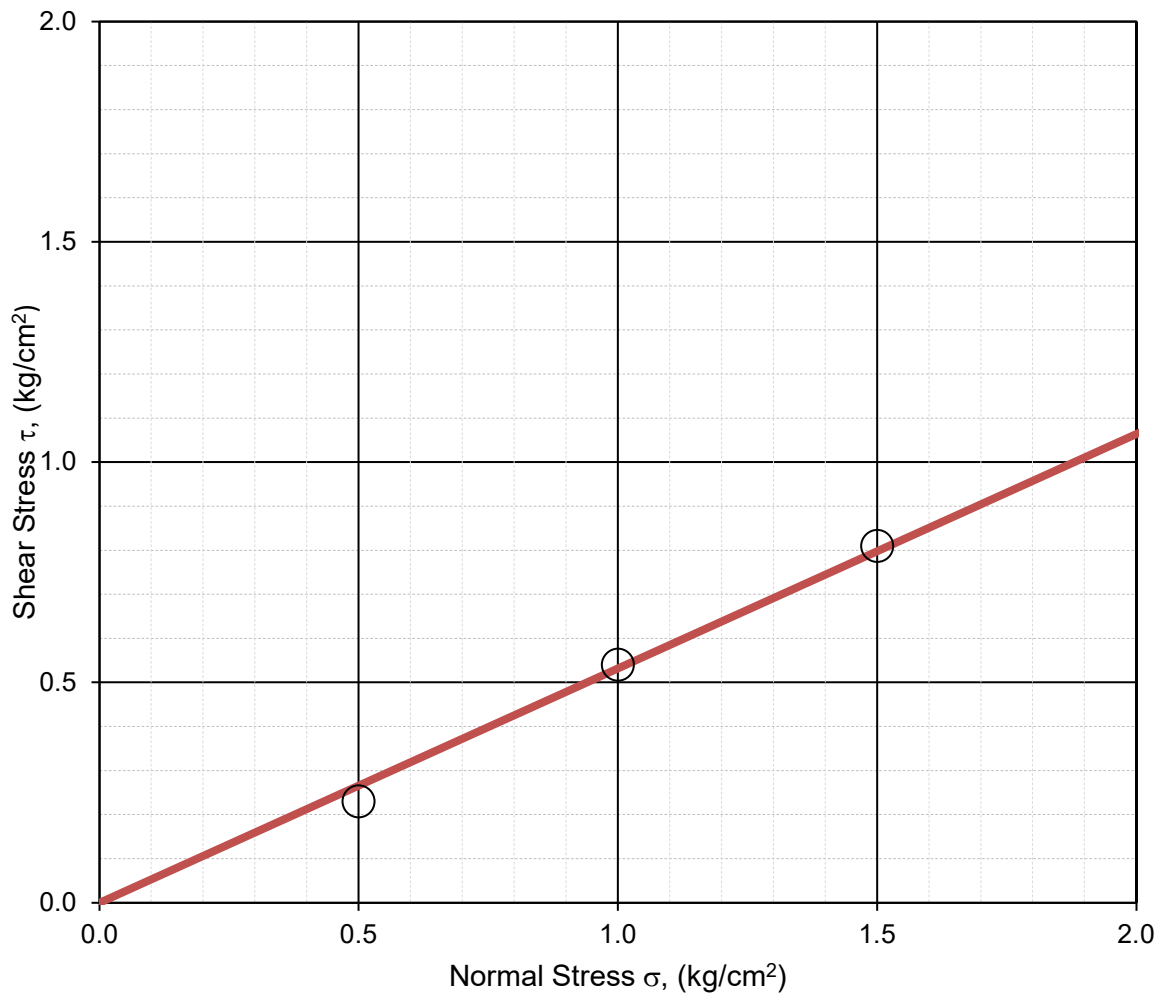
Consolidated Drained Direct Shear Test



Borehole No.	=	1
Sample Depth, m	=	11.25
Sample Description	=	Silty sand

Cohesion Intercept, c (kg/cm²)	=	0
Angle of Internal Friction, ϕ (degrees)	=	30

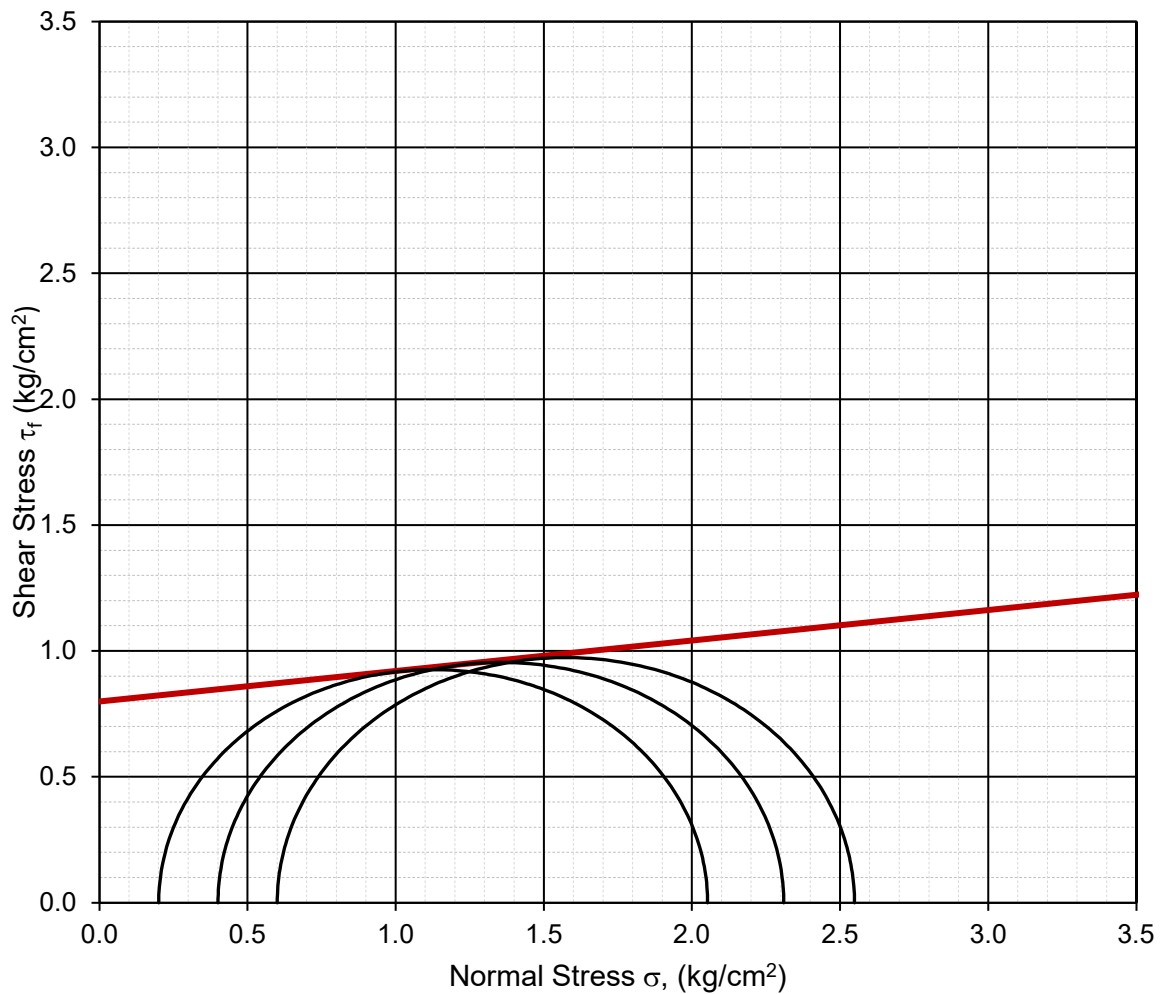
Consolidated Drained Direct Shear Test



Borehole No.	=	2
Sample Depth, m	=	5.25
Sample Description	=	Silty sand

Cohesion Intercept, c (kg/cm²)	=	0
Angle of Internal Friction, ϕ (degrees)	=	28

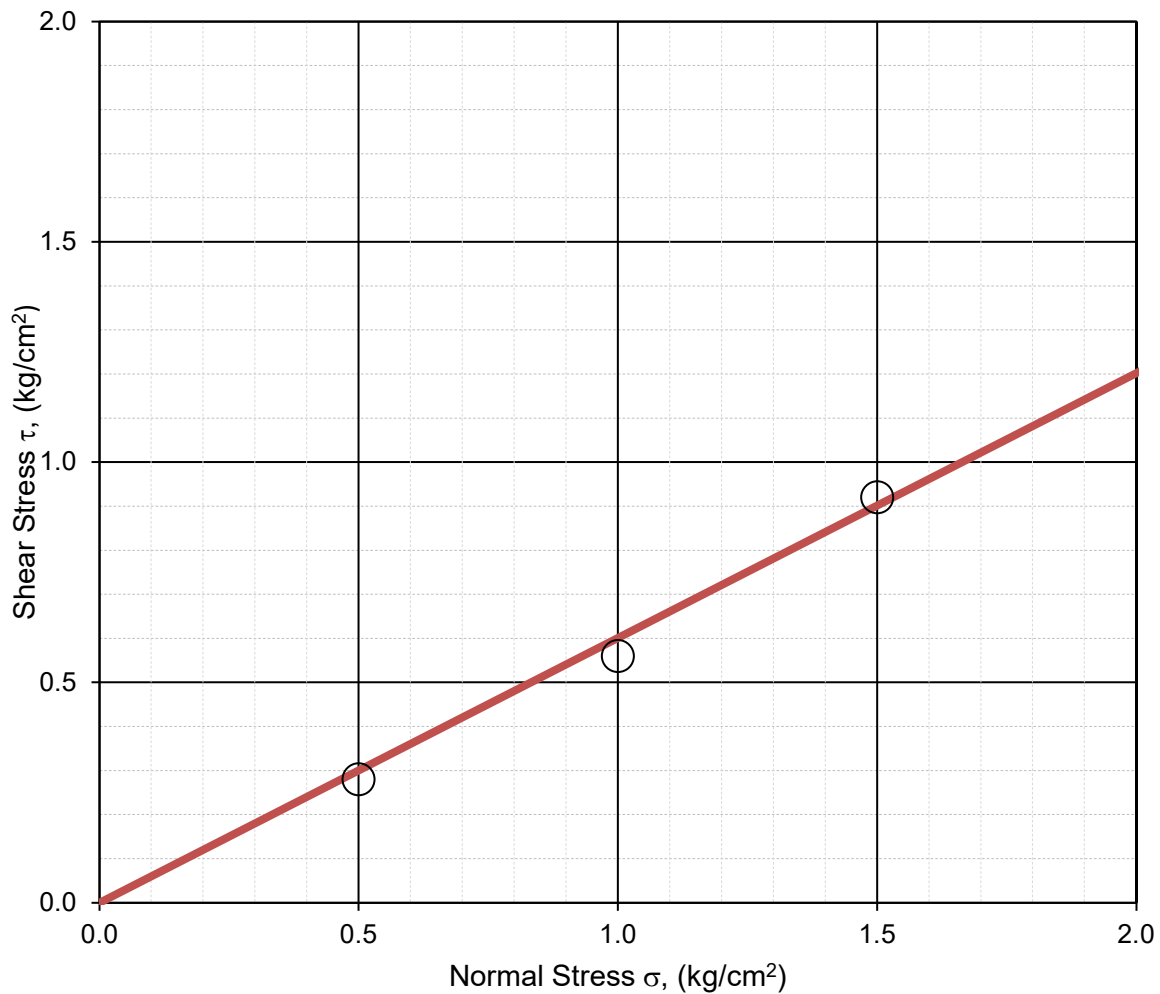
Consolidated Drained Direct Shear Test



Borehole No.	=	2
Sample Depth, m	=	8.25
Sample Description	=	Sandy silt

Cohesion Intercept, c (kg/cm²)	=	0.8
Angle of Internal Friction, ϕ (degrees)	=	6.9

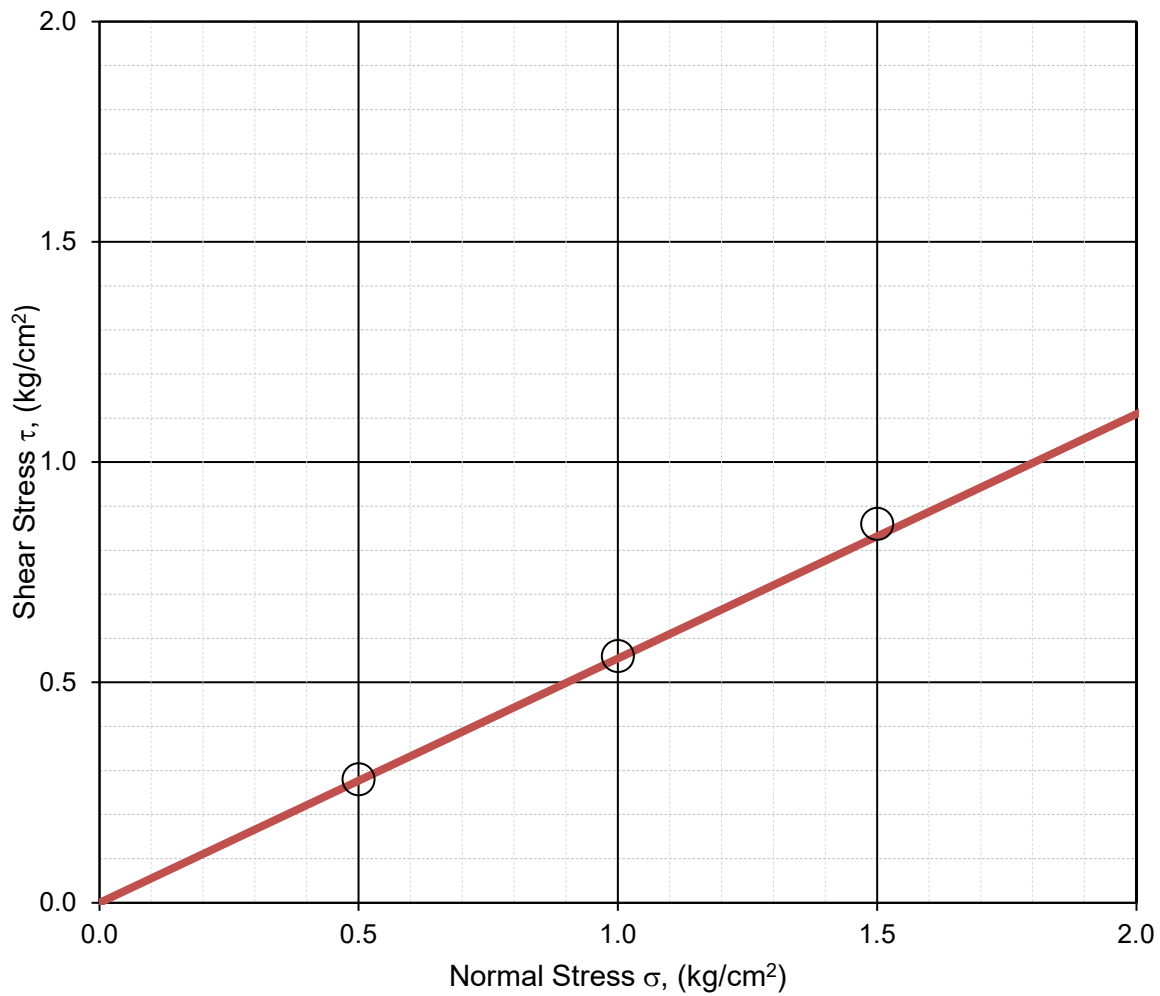
Unconsolidation Undrained Triaxial Test



Borehole No.	=	2
Sample Depth, m	=	14.25
Sample Description	=	Silty sand

Cohesion Intercept, c (kg/cm ²)	=	0
Angle of Internal Friction, ϕ (degrees)	=	31

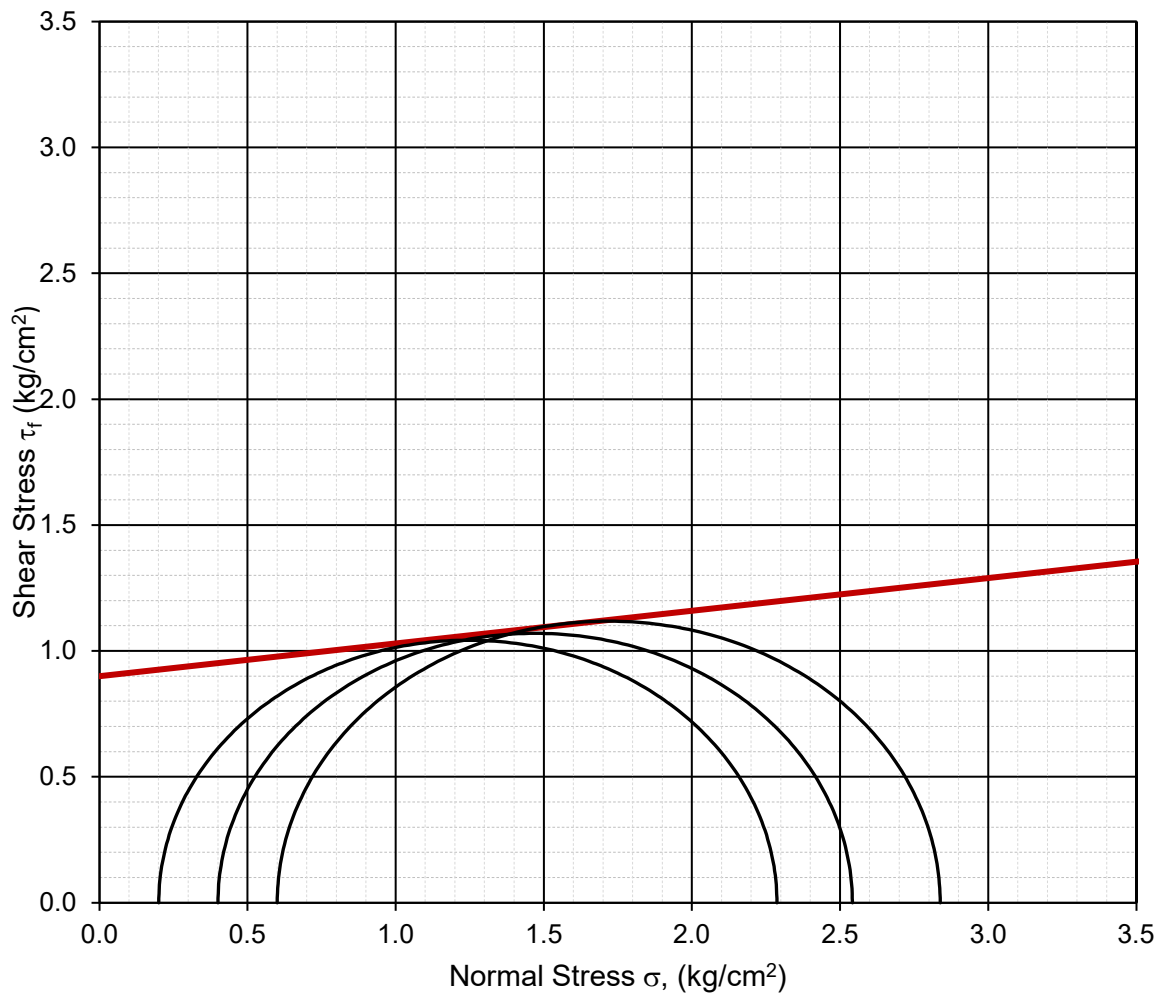
Consolidated Drained Direct Shear Test



Borehole No.	=	3
Sample Depth, m	=	8.25
Sample Description	=	Silty sand

Cohesion Intercept, c (kg/cm²)	=	0
Angle of Internal Friction, ϕ (degrees)	=	29

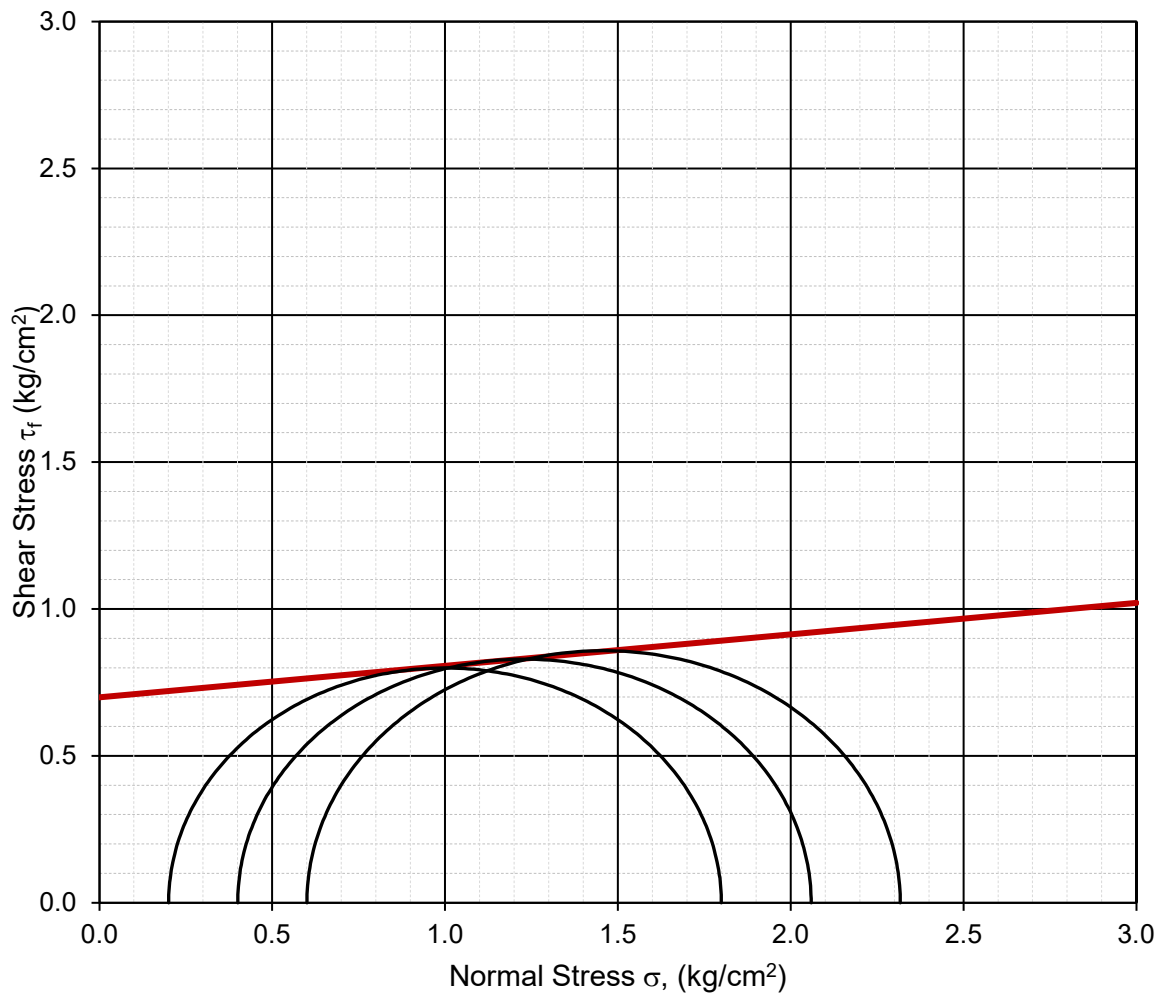
Consolidated Drained Direct Shear Test



Borehole No.	=	4
Sample Depth, m	=	8.25
Sample Description	=	Clayey silt

Cohesion Intercept, c (kg/cm²)	=	0.9
Angle of Internal Friction, ϕ (degrees)	=	7.4

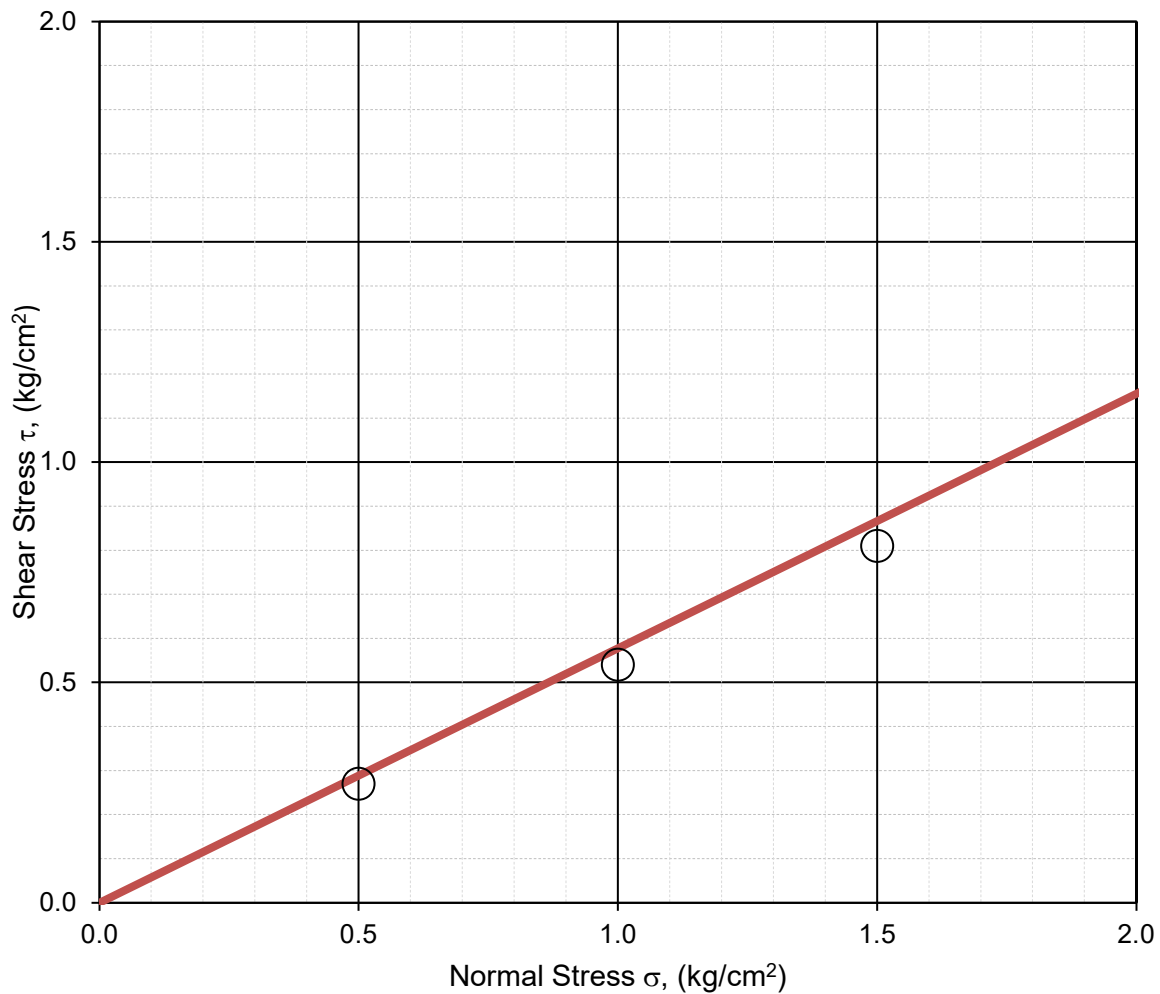
Unconsolidation Undrained Triaxial Test



Borehole No.	=	4
Sample Depth, m	=	8.25
Sample Description	=	Clayey silt

Cohesion Intercept, c (kg/cm²)	=	0.7
Angle of Internal Friction, ϕ (degrees)	=	6.1

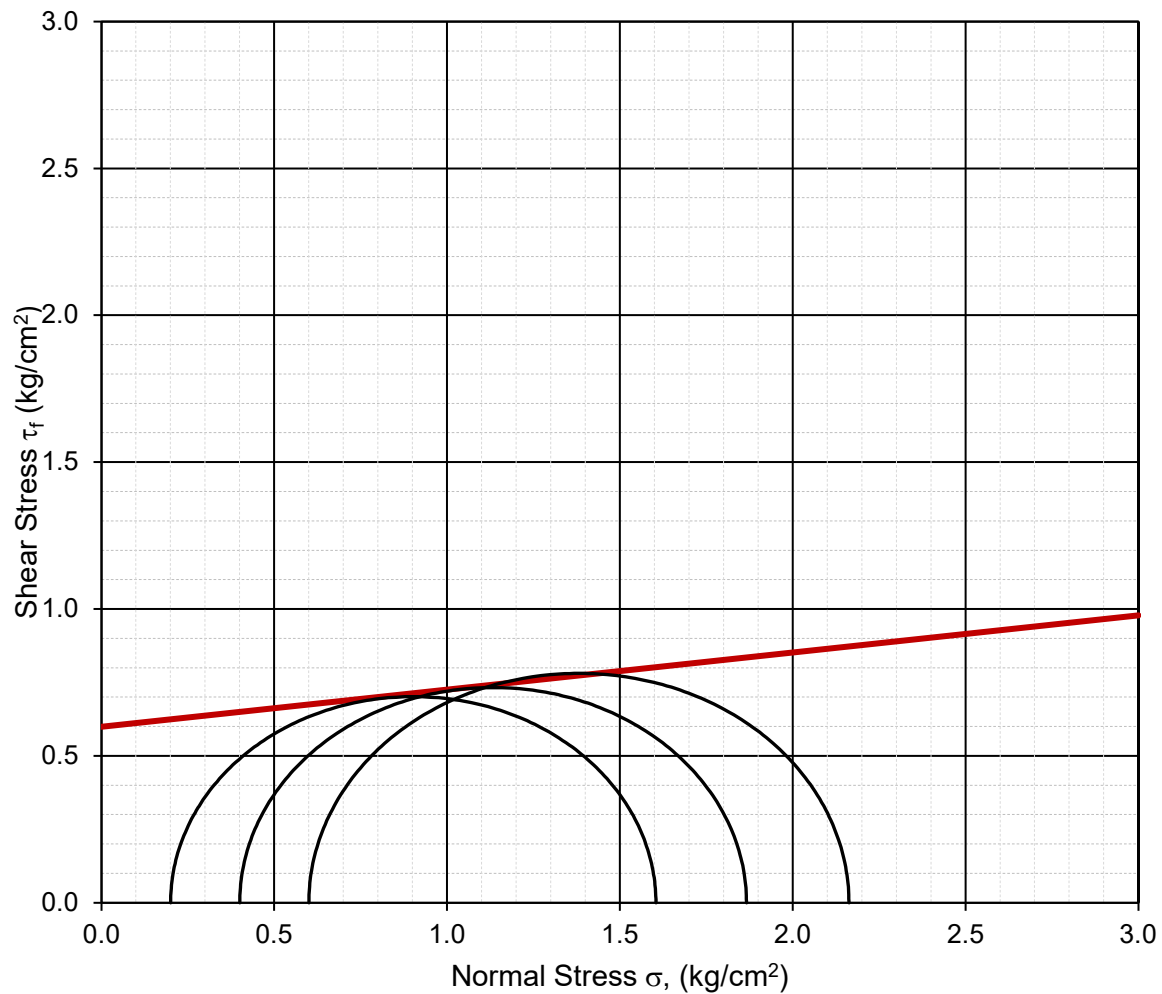
Unconsolidation Undrained Triaxial Test



Borehole No.	=	4
Sample Depth, m	=	14.25
Sample Description	=	Silty sand

Cohesion Intercept, c (kg/cm ²)	=	0
Angle of Internal Friction, ϕ (degrees)	=	30

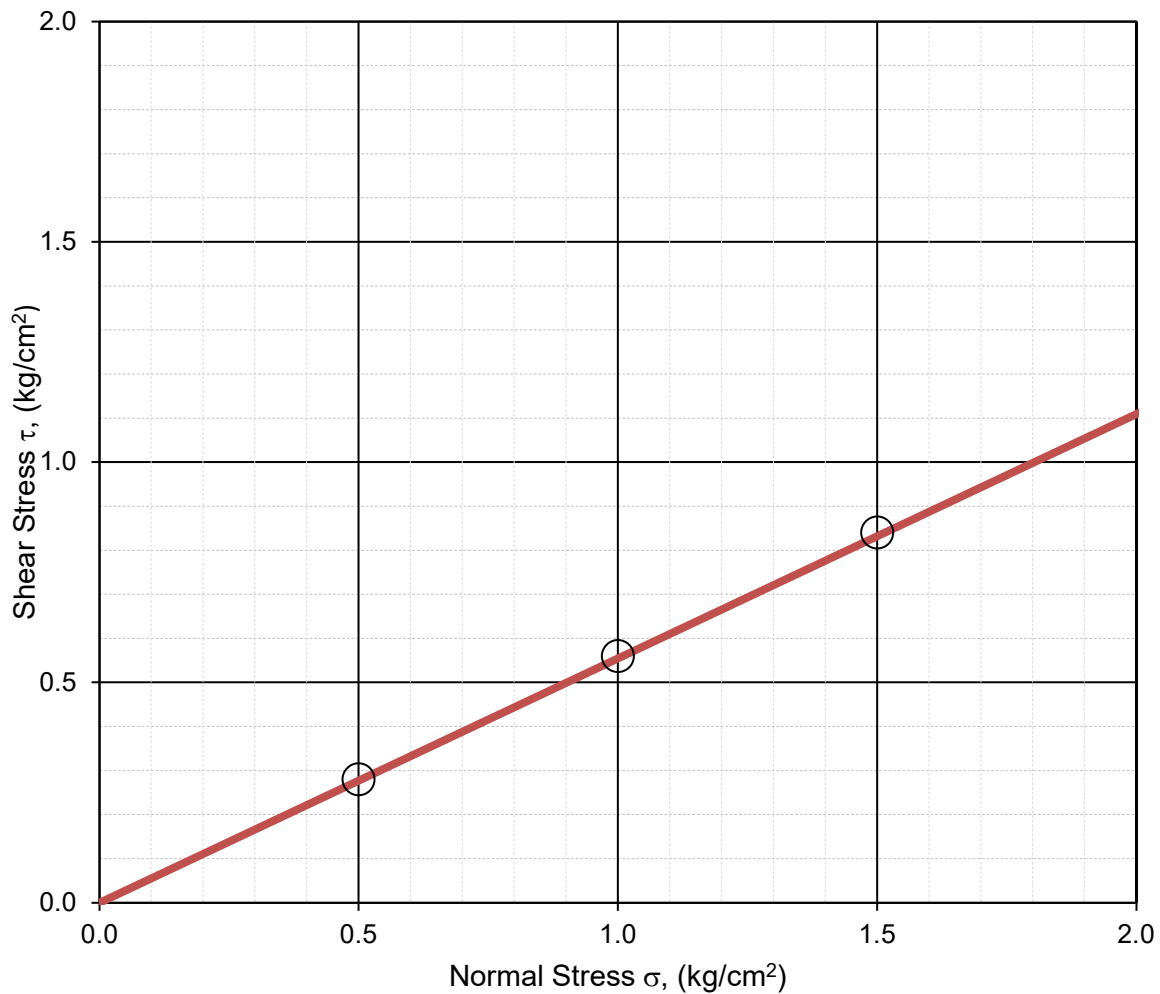
Consolidated Drained Direct Shear Test



Borehole No.	=	5
Sample Depth, m	=	5.25
Sample Description	=	Clayey silt

Cohesion Intercept, c (kg/cm²)	=	0.6
Angle of Internal Friction, ϕ (degrees)	=	7.2

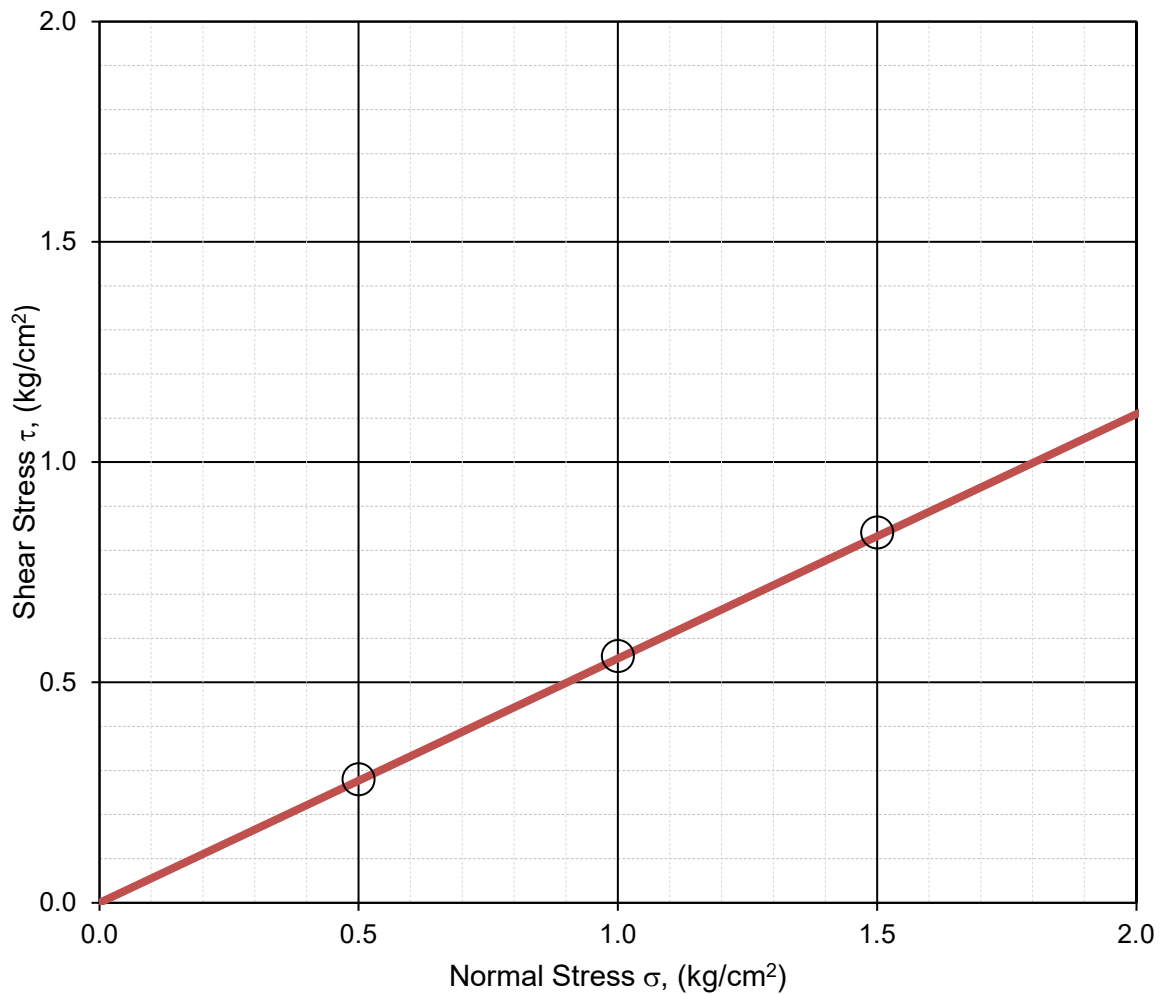
Unconsolidation Undrained Triaxial Test



Borehole No.	=	5
Sample Depth, m	=	8.25
Sample Description	=	Silty sand

Cohesion Intercept, c (kg/cm²)	=	0
Angle of Internal Friction, ϕ (degrees)	=	29

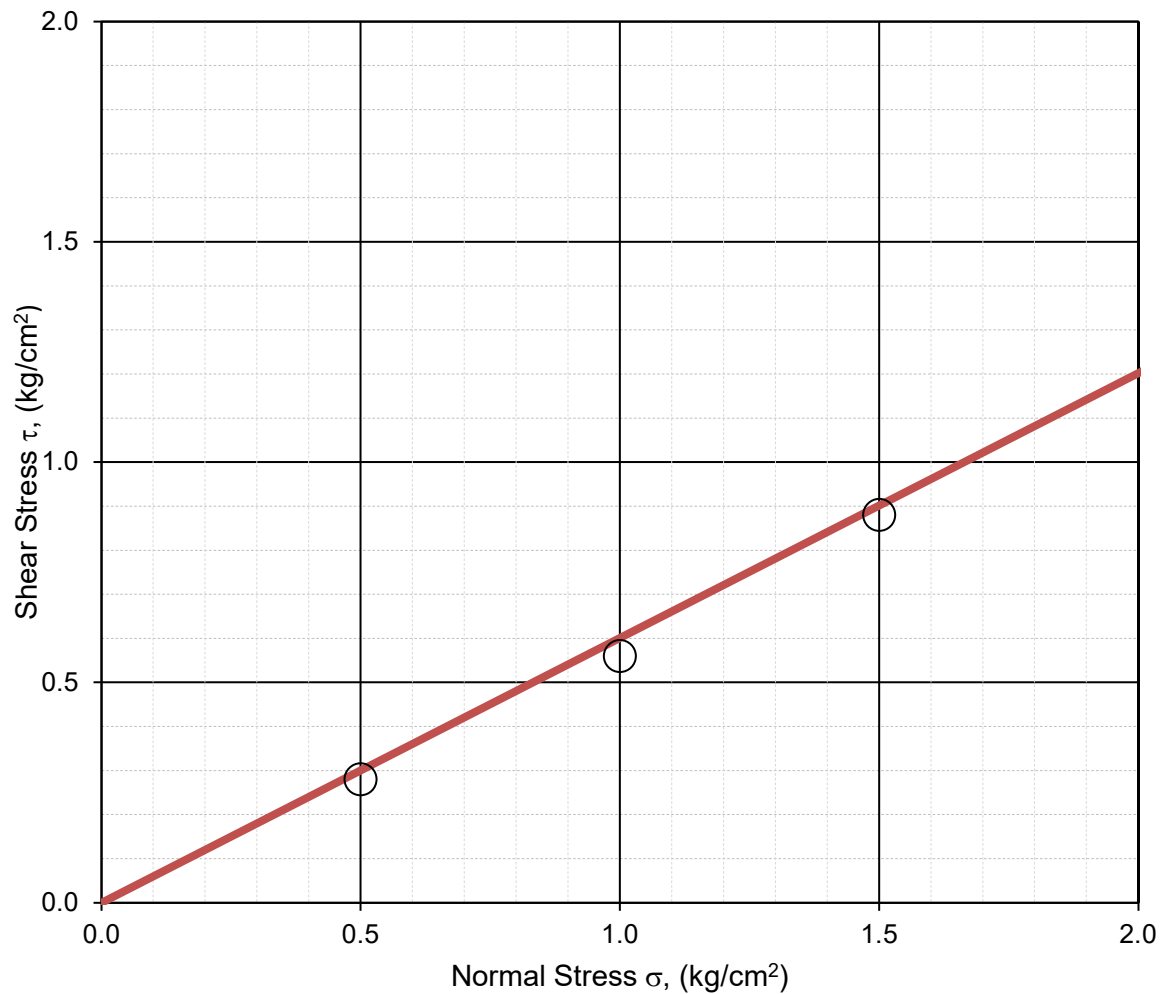
Consolidated Drained Direct Shear Test



Borehole No.	=	6
Sample Depth, m	=	8.25
Sample Description	=	Silty sand

Cohesion Intercept, c (kg/cm²)	=	0
Angle of Internal Friction, ϕ (degrees)	=	29

Consolidated Drained Direct Shear Test



Borehole No.	=	6
Sample Depth, m	=	14.25
Sample Description	=	Sandy silt

Cohesion Intercept, c (kg/cm ²)	=	0
Angle of Internal Friction, ϕ (degrees)	=	31

Consolidated Drained Direct Shear Test



CHEMICAL TEST RESULTS

SOIL-EXTRACT WATER:

Borehole No.	Depth, m	Sulphate Content (SO ₃), %	Chloride Content (CL), %	pH Value
BH-1	0.50	0.09	0.01	7.3
BH-2	4.50	0.11	0.03	7.6
BH-3	2.00	0.12	0.05	7.4
BH-4	5.25	0.11	0.02	7.4
BH-5	0.50	0.13	0.03	7.5
BH-6	4.50	0.11	0.04	7.1

GROUNDWATER:

Borehole No.	Depth, m	Sulphate Content (SO ₃), mg/l	Chloride Content (CL), mg/l	pH Value
BH-1	-	392	132	7.0
BH-2	-	348	140	6.9
BH-3	-	308	145	7.2
BH-4	-	311	210	7.8
BH-5	-	318	78	7.0
BH-6	-	358	149	7.7



COMPUTATION OF SAFE PILE CAPACITIES

Analysis based on IS 2911 (Part 1 / Section 2) : 2010

A. SAFE AXIAL COMPRESSIVE PILE CAPACITY

$$Q_{\text{safe}} = (1/\text{FS}) \{ \sum_{1 \text{ to } n} [(\alpha c + p k \tan \delta) A_s L] + [(c N_c + p N_q + 0.5 D \gamma' N_\gamma) A_p] \} - W$$

B. SAFE AXIAL PULL-OUT PILE CAPACITY

$$Q_{\text{safe}} = (1/\text{FS}) \{ \sum_{1 \text{ to } n} [(\alpha c + p k \tan \delta) A_s L] \} + W$$

C. LATERAL LOAD CARRYING CAPACITY

$$H = y n^3 EI / (e + z_f)^3 \times 10^3$$

where :

Q_{safe}	=	safe axial pile capacity	FS	=	Factor of safety
α	=	adhesion factor (<i>function of C_u</i>)	p	=	Overburden pressure
δ	=	angle of wall friction between soil and pile	c	=	cohesion intercept
L	=	Pile segment length in selected layer	k	=	Coefficient of earth pressure
γ'	=	effective density of soil	D	=	Pile diameter
N_c, N_q, N_γ	=	Bearing capacity factors	A_s	=	Pile surface area per m length
n	=	number of layers	A_p	=	Pile end bearing area
y	=	Lateral deflection at pile top	e	=	Free-standing length of pile
H	=	Lateral load applied	z_f	=	Depth of fixity

GENERALIZED DESIGN PROFILE

Layer No.	Depth, m		Soil Classification	$c, \text{ kN/m}^2$	$\delta (= \phi)$ degrees	$\gamma, \text{ kN/m}^3$	k	α	N_c	N_q	N_γ
	From	To									
1	0.0	3.0	Fill	0	0	16.0	1.0				
2	3.0	6.0	Sandy silt	40	5	16.5	1.0	1.00	9.0		0.45
3	6.0	12.0	Silty sand	0	29	17.5	1.0			18.08	19.34
4	12.0	15.0	Sandy silt	0	30	18.5	1.0			20.95	22.40
5	15.0	20.0	Sandy silt (assumed)	0	30	19.0	1.0			20.95	22.40

Pile Cross section :	Circle	Grade of Concrete : M	30
Pile Diameter ,D :	300 mm	Soil Classification:	Cohesive
Pile cut-off Level (COL) :	1.0 m	Normally Consolidated or Preconsolidated Clays?	N
Design Water Table Depth :	0.0 m	Design SPT N Value of Soft NC Clay	4
Factor of Safety :	2.5 for compression	Saturation :	Submerged
	3.0 for pull-out	Pile Head :	Fixed
Overburden Pressure to be considered below	GL	Free Standing Length of Pile (e) :	0.0 m
Overburden pressure constant below	15 pile diameters, i.e. 4.5 m below		0.0 m
			i.e. 4.5 m below 0.0 m
Percentage of Ultimate Shaft Resistance to be used for Ultimate Pullout Capacity:	0.7		



COMPUTED SAFE PILE CAPACITIES

Depth Below GL, m	Pile Length below COL, m	Unit Skin Friction	Skin Friction in Layer	Cumulative Skin Friction ①	Unit End Bearing	Total End Bearing ②	Weight of Pile ③	Ultimate Compressive Capacity	Safe Compressive Capacity $\{((1)+(2))/SF\} - (3)$		Ultimate Pullout Capacity	Safe Pullout Capacity $(1) \times SF + (3)$		Lateral Pile Capacity
		kN/m ²	kN	kN	kN/m ²	kN	kN	kN	kN	MT	kN	kN	MT	MT
10.0	9.0	15	49	177	523	37	9	214	77	8	133	50	5	0.6
12.0	11.0	15	9	206	523	37	11	243	86	9	155	59	6	
14.0	13.0	16	21	237	610	43	13	280	99	10	178	68	7	

Moment of Inertia, I : 3.976E-04 m⁴

Modulus of Elasticity : 27386 MPa

Modulus of Subgrade Reaction, ηh : 0.2 MN/m³

Stiffness Factor, T = 2.22 m

$e/T = 0.0$

$z_f/T = 2.19$

Depth of Fixity, $z_f = 4.87$ m

$e + z_f = 4.87$ m

Permissible Lateral Pile Deflection, y = 5.0 mm

Computed Lateral Capacity of Pile, H = 6 kN

= 0.6 Tonnes